

WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Honours PART-III Examinations, 2018

ZOOLOGY-HONOURS

PAPER-ZOOA-VII

Time Allotted: 4 Hours Full Marks: 100

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.

1.		Answer any <i>six</i> questions from the following:	$2 \times 6 = 12$
	(a)	What is chloride shift?	
	(b)	What is portal triad?	
	(c)	What are Weberian Ossicles? State their functions.	1+1
	(d)	What is isometric contraction of muscle?	
	(e)	Explain holocrine secretion with suitable example.	
	(f)	Define metachromasia.	
	(g)	State the sites of biosynthesis of cortisone and glucagon.	1+1
	(h)	Differentiate between diabetes mellitus and diabetes insipidus.	
	(i)	What is interacted disc? State its function.	1+1
	(j)	Distinguish resting membrane potential and action potential.	
2.		Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	(a)	Describe the methods of osmoregulation in catadromous fish.	5
	(b)	What are the ways by which ATP supply is maintained in muscles during contraction and relaxation?	5
	(c)	What are the differences between bioluminescence and chemiluminiscence?	2+3
		State the biological importances of bilouminiscence.	
	(d)	Explain depolarization and repolarization of action potential generated during the conduction of impulse.	5
	(e)	Describe the accessory respiratory organ in 'jeol' fish.	5
3.		Answer any <i>two</i> questions from the following:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a)	What is TMAO? State its role in osmoregulation. Write a note on ammonotelism. Discuss the role of chloride cells in osmoregulation of teleosts.	1+3+3+3

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	(b)	Write a note on Donnan membrane equilibrium. Elaborate how hypotonic glomerular filtrate changes into hypertonic urine in mammalian nephron. Name two hormones and their respective roles related to urine formation.	3+5+2
4.		Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	(a)	Describe the biosynthesis of T_3 and T_4 .	5
	(b)	Classify hormones of vertebrates with examples on the basis of chemical nature.	5
	(c)	State the source and functions of oxytocin.	5
	(d)	Describe a mature Graffian follicle with a labelled diagram. Mentioning their conditions.	3+2
	(e)	Define neuroendocrine, autocrine and paracrine modes of hormone delivery system, with suitable example.	2+1+2
5.		Answer any <i>two</i> questions from the following:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a)	Describe biosynthesis of corticosterone with the names of enzymes involved. Describe the uterine changes occurring in menstrual cycle.	5+5
	(b)	Describe the role of membrane receptors in hormone action with suitable example. Distinguish physiological function of insulin and glucagon. Differentiate IDDM and NIDDM.	4+1+2+3
	(c)	Describe the steps involved in the biosynthesis on adrenal catecholamines. Describe the role of Ca^{2+} and $\text{IP}_3\text{-DAG}$ as second messengers.	5+2.5+2.5
6.		Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	6×3 = 18
	(a)	Mention different types of neurons. Differentiate between dye and stain. What is double staining?	2+2+2
	(b)	Elucidate the histological features of thyroid gland of mammals with a neat diagram. Comment on the histological importance of colloids present in follicles of mammalian thyroid gland.	3+2+1
	(c)	Compare gap junction and tight junction. State the function of glial cells.	4+2
	(d)	State the location and function of parietal cells. Distinguish between holocrine and merocrine secretion. What is non-additive fixative?	2+3+1
	(e)	Describe the histological structure of mammalian seminiferons tubule with suitable diagram. State the function of mast cell.	3+2+1



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1.		Answer any <i>ten</i> questions from the following:	$2 \times 10 = 20$
	(a)	What is delamination? Give an example.	
	(b)	What are extra-embryonic membranes?	
	(c)	What is xenobiotics?	
	(d)	What is the significance of round dance of honey bee?	
	(e)	Name one each of indigenous goat and lamb bread of India.	
	(f)	Which organ of human body has a major role in detoxification process?	
	(g)	What is the composition of lac?	
	(h)	What is Leydig cell? State its function.	
	(i)	What is acrosomal reaction?	
	(j)	What is voltism in silk moth?	
	(k)	Write the scientific name of one fresh water and brackish water fish.	
	(1)	What is culling?	
	(m)	State the role of GnRH in spermatogenesis.	
	(n)	What is hypnozoite?	
	(o)	What is economic threshold?	
	(p)	Name two hormones released from pituitary gland used in fish breeding.	
2.		Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 5 = 25$
	(a)	What is sperm capacitation? How polyspermy can be prevented in mammals?	3+2
	(b)	What are polar bodies? Describe the process of cleavage in telolecithal egg.	2+3
	(c)	What are Hox genes? Discuss their role in development.	1+4
	(d)	Discuss the process of gastrulation in zebra fish with suitable diagram.	5
	(e)	Describe the Genic balance theory of sex-determination in <i>Drosophila</i> .	5
	(f)	How the primitive streak is formed? Discuss the migration of cell through the primitive streak.	2+3
	(g)	Describe various events of the development of brain in chick embryo with suitable diagram.	5
	(h)	Write short notes on the following:	2.5×2
		(i) Cell Potency	
		(ii) Vitellogenesis.	

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3.		Answer any <i>three</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	(a)	What do you mean by indicator species? Discuss effects of eutrophication in aquatic life. Write full form of GAP.	2+2+1
	(b)	What is green house effect? Write the name of green house gases. State the important causes of global warming.	1+2+2
	(c)	What is noise? State the adverse effects of noise pollution on human health. What is silence zone?	1+3+1
	(d)	Name two common soil pollutants. State their impact on soil biodiversity.	2+3
	(e)	What is the climate change convention? Narrate briefly Agenda-21.	2.5+2.5
4.		Answer any <i>two</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 2 = 10$
	(a)	Briefly narrate the pathogenicity of <i>Wuchereria bancrofti</i> . Comment on the periodicity of this parasite.	3+2
	(b)	Define parasitism. Distinguish between infestation and infection. State the pathogenic symptoms of chikungunya.	1+2+2
	(c)	Give an account on Erythrocyte Schizogony of malarial parasite. Why malarial fever appear at specific time interval?	3+2
	(d)	Write short notes on the following:	2.5×2
		(i) Pathogenicity	
		(ii) Scrub typhus.	
5.		Answer any <i>six</i> questions from the following:	5×6 = 30
	(a)	Give the chemical nature of silk. State two identifying characters of male and female <i>Bombyx mori</i> . Name the causative agent of flacherie.	2+2+1
	(b)	Define monoculture and polyculture. Name the carbs used for polyculture in West Bengal with their spatial niche in fresh water pond.	2+3
	(c)	Name the bacterial diseases of honey bee with causative agents. Write the composition of honey.	3+2
	(d)	What is estuary? Differentiate penaeid and non penaeid prawn with example. Give the scientific name of two estuarine fishes.	1+2+2
	(e)	Write the uses of lac? State the name of by products produced during the processing of lac. Name the strains of lac insect.	2+2+1
	(f)	Discuss the method of deep letter system in poultry farming. What is ranikhet disease?	4+1
	(g)	Name two egg type and two ornamental type of Duck breed. Why duck rearing is advantageous over chicken?	2+3
	(h)	State the importance of indigenous Goat breeds. Name two table breeds of poultry birds.	3+2
	(i)	Write the causes of decline of wild fish stocks in nature. Write the scientific name of one fresh water and one estuarine prawn.	3+2
	(j)	Write short notes on the following:	2.5×2
		(i) Natural enemy of lac	
		(ii) Uses of bee venom.	