

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

B. Sc. (HONOURS) Electronic Science

(First Draft)

West Bengal State University

Syllabus and Scheme of Examination

for

B.Sc. (Honours) Electronic Science

Course Structure

Details of course under B.Sc. (Honours)

Course	Credits
I. Core Course (14 Papers)	
Core Course Theory (14 Papers of 4 Credit each)	14×4=56
Core Course Practical(14 Papers of 2 Credit each)	14×2=28
II. Elective Course (4 Papers)	
A.1. Discipline Specific Elective (4 Papers of 4 Credit each)	4×4=16
A.2. Discipline Specific Elective Practical(4 Papers of 2 Credit each)	4×2=08
B.1. Generic Elective/ Interdisciplinary (4 Papers of 4 Credit each)	4×4=16
B.2. Generic Elective Practical(4 Papers of 2 Credit each)	4×2=8
III. Ability Enhancement Courses	
1. Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC)	
Environmental Science(1 Paper of 2 Credit)	1×2=02
English/MIL Communication(1 Paper of 2 Credit)	1×2=02
2. Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)	
(Minimum 2)(2 Papers of 2 credit each)	2×2=04
TOTAL CREDIT	140

Scheme for Choice Based Credit System in B.Sc.(Honours) Electronic Science

Semester	CORE COURSE (CC)	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC)	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)	Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)	Generic Elective (GE)
I	Basic Circuit Theory and Network Analysis	Environmental Science			GE-1
	Mathematics Foundation for Electronics				
II	Semiconductor Devices	English/MIL Communication			GE-2
	Applied Physics				
III	Electronic Circuits		SEC-1		GE-3
	Digital Electronics and Verilog				
	C Programming and Data Structures				
IV	Operational Amplifiers and Applications		SEC-2		GE-4
	Signals and Systems				
	Electronic Instrumentation				
V	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers		DSE-1		
	Electromagnetics		DSE-2		
VI	Communication Electronics		DSE-3		
	Photonics		DSE-4		

SEMESTER-WISE SCHEDULE FOR B.Sc. (HONOURS) ELECTRONIC SCIENCE

	Course Opted	Course Name	Course Code	Credit
SEMESTER- I	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC)-I	Environmental Science		2
	Core Course – I Theory	Basic Circuit Theory and Network Analysis	ELSACOR01T	4
	Core Course – I Practical	Basic Circuit Theory and Network Analysis Lab	ELSACOR01P	2
	Core Course – II Theory	Mathematics Foundation for Electronics	ELSACOR02T	4
	Core Course – II Practical	Mathematics Foundation for Electronics Lab	ELSACOR02P	2
	Generic Elective –1 Theory			4
	Generic Elective – 1 Practical/Tutorial			2
TOTAL CREDIT IN FIRST SEMESTER				20

	Course Opted	Course Name	Course Code	Credit
SEMESTER- II	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC)- II	English		2
	Core Course – III Theory	Semiconductor Devices	ELSACOR03T	4
	Core Course – III Practical	Semiconductor Devices Lab	ELSACOR03P	2
	Core Course – IV Theory	Applied Physics	ELSACOR04T	4
	Core Course – IV Practical	Applied Physics Lab	ELSACOR04P	2
	Generic Elective – 2 Theory			4
	Generic Elective – 2 Practical/Tutorial			2
TOTAL CREDIT IN SECOND SEMESTER				20

	Course Opted	Course Name	Course Code	Credit
SEMESTER- III	Core Course – V Theory	Electronic Circuits	ELSACOR05T	4
	Core Course – V Practical	Electronic Circuits Lab	ELSACOR05P	2
	Core Course – VI Theory	Digital Electronics and Verilog	ELSACOR06T	4
	Core Course – VI Practical	Digital Electronics and Verilog Lab	ELSACOR06P	2
	Core Course – VII Theory	C Programming and Data Structures	ELSACOR07T	4
	Core Course – VII Practical	C Programming and Data Structures Lab	ELSACOR07P	2
	Skill Enhancement Course -1		One out of ELSASEC01 & ELSASEC02	2
	Generic Elective – 3 Theory			4
	Generic Elective – 3 Practical/Tutorial			2
TOTAL CREDIT IN THIRD SEMESTER				26

	Course Opted	Course Name	Course Code	Credit
SEMESTER- IV	Core Course – VIII Theory	Operational Amplifiers and Applications	ELSACOR08T	4
	Core Course – VIII Practical	Operational Amplifiers and Applications Lab	ELSACOR08P	2
	Core Course – IX Theory	Signals and Systems	ELSACOR09T	4
	Core Course – IX Practical	Signals and Systems Lab	ELSACOR09P	2
	Core Course – X Theory	Electronic Instrumentation	ELSACOR10T	4
	Core Course – X Practical	Electronic Instrumentation Lab	ELSACOR10P	2
	Skill Enhancement Course -2		One out of ELSASEC03 & ELSASEC04	2
	Generic Elective – 4 Theory			4
	Generic Elective – 4 Practical/Tutorial			2
TOTAL CREDIT IN FOURTH SEMESTER				26

	Course Opted	Course Name	Course Code	Credit
SEMESTER- V	Core Course – XI Theory	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	ELSACOR11T	4
	Core Course – XI Practical	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Lab	ELSACOR11P	2
	Core Course – XII Theory	Electromagnetics	ELSACOR12T	4
	Core Course – XII Practical	Electromagnetics Lab	ELSACOR12P	2
	Discipline Specific Elective -1 Theory		Any two out of	4
	Discipline Specific Elective -1 Practical		ELSADSE01 to	2
	Discipline Specific Elective -2 Theory		ELSADSE03 (Theory +	4
	Discipline Specific Elective -2 Practical		Practical)	2
TOTAL CREDIT IN FIFTH SEMESTER				24

	Course Opted	Course Name	Course Code	Credit
SEMESTER- VI	Core Course – XIII Theory	Communication Electronics	ELSACOR13T	4
	Core Course – XIII Practical	Communication Electronics Lab	ELSACOR13P	2
	Core Course – XIV Theory	Photonics	ELSACOR14T	4
	Core Course – XIV Practical	Photonics Lab	ELSACOR14P	2
	Discipline Specific Elective -3 Theory		Any two out of	4
	Discipline Specific Elective -3 Practical		ELSADSE04 to	2
	Discipline Specific Elective -4 Theory		ELSADSE06 (Theory +	4
	Discipline Specific Elective -4 Practical		Practical)	2
TOTAL CREDIT IN SIXTH SEMESTER				24

CORE COURSE(C): (Credit:04(TH)+02(PR) each) (4 period/week for theory and 4 periods/week for practical)

1. Basic Circuit Theory and Network Analysis
2. Mathematics Foundation for Electronics
3. Semiconductor Devices
4. Applied Physics
5. Electronic Circuits
6. Digital Electronics and Verilog/VHDL
7. C Programming and Data Structures
8. Operational Amplifiers and Applications
9. Signals and Systems
10. Electronic Instrumentation
11. Microprocessors and Microcontrollers
12. Electromagnetics
13. Communication Electronics
14. Photonics

Discipline Specific Electives (DSE): (Credit:04(TH)+02(PR) each) (4 period/week for theory and 4 periods/week for practical)- DSE 1-6

1. Power Electronics
2. Transmission Lines, Antenna and Wave Propagation
3. Control Systems
4. Computer Networks
5. Modern Communication Systems
6. Digital Signal Processing

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) (02 papers) (Credit: 02 each) - SEC1 to SEC2

1. Design and Fabrication of Printed Circuit Boards
2. Robotics

Other Discipline - GE 1 to GE 4 (Mathematics Compulsory)

1. Mathematics
2. Physics
3. Computer Science

Generic Elective Papers (GE) for other Departments/Disciplines: (Credit: 06 each)

Semester	Paper offered as GE1-4	Paper Code
I	Network Analysis and Analog Electronics + Lab	ELSHGEC01T/P
II	Linear and Digital Integrated Circuits + Lab	ELSHGEC02T/P
III	Communication Electronics + Lab	ELSHGEC03T/P
IV	Microprocessor and Microcontrollers + Lab	ELSHGEC04T/P

CORE PAPERS

(Theory & Practical)

SEMESTER	I	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR01T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Basic Circuit Theory and Network Analysis					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 13

- Basic Circuit Concepts: Voltage and Current Sources, Resistors: Fixed and Variable resistors, Construction and Characteristics, Colour coding of resistors, resistors in series and parallel.
- Inductors: Fixed and Variable inductors, Self and mutual inductance, Faraday's law and Lenz's law of electromagnetic induction, Energy stored in an inductor, Inductance in series and parallel, Testing of resistance and inductance using multimeter.
- Capacitors: Principles of capacitance, Parallel plate capacitor, Permittivity, Definition of Dielectric Constant, Dielectric strength, Energy stored in a capacitor, Air, Paper, Mica, Teflon, Ceramic, Plastic and Electrolytic capacitor, Construction and application, capacitors in series and parallel, factors governing the value of capacitors, testing of capacitors using multimeter.

Unit 2

Lectures 13

- Circuit Analysis: Kirchhoff's Current Law (KCL), Kirchhoff's Voltage Law (KVL), Node Analysis, Mesh Analysis, Star-Delta Conversion.
- DC Transient Analysis: RC Circuit- Charging and discharging with initial charge, RL Circuit with Initial Current, Time Constant, RL and RC Circuits With Sources, DC Response of Series RLC Circuits.

Unit 3

Lectures 18

- AC Circuit Analysis: Sinusoidal Voltage and Current, Definition of Instantaneous, Peak, Peak to Peak, Root Mean Square and Average Values. Voltage-Current relationship in Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor, Phasor, Complex Impedance, Power in AC Circuits: Instantaneous Power, Average Power, Reactive Power, Power Factor. Sinusoidal Circuit Analysis for RL, RC and RLC Circuits.
- Resonance in Series and Parallel RLC Circuits, Frequency Response of Series and Parallel RLC Circuits, Quality (Q) Factor and Bandwidth. Passive Filters: Low Pass, High Pass, Band Pass and Band Stop.

Unit 4

Lectures 16

- Network Theorems: Principal of Duality, Superposition Theorem, Thevenin's Theorem, Norton's Theorem, Reciprocity Theorem, Millman's Theorem, Maximum Power Transfer Theorem. AC circuit analysis using Network theorems.
- Two Port Networks: Impedance (Z) Parameters, Admittance (Y) Parameters, Transmission (ABCD) Parameters.

Suggested books

1. S. A. Nasar, Electric Circuits, Schaum's outline series, Tata McGraw Hill (2004)
2. M. Nahvi and J. Edminister, Electrical Circuits, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-Hill.(2005)
3. Robert L. Boylestad, Essentials of Circuit Analysis, Pearson Education (2004)
4. W. H. Hayt, J. E. Kemmerly, S. M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill(2005)
5. Alexander and M. Sadiku, Fundamentals of Electric Circuits , McGraw Hill (2008)

SEMESTER	I	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR01P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Basic Circuit Theory and Network Analysis Lab					LECTURES	60

(Hardware and Circuit Simulation Software)

1. Familiarization with
 - a. Resistance in series, parallel and series – Parallel.
 - b. Capacitors & Inductors in series & Parallel.
 - c. Multimeter – Checking of components.
 - d. Voltage sources in series, parallel and series – Parallel
 - e. Voltage and Current dividers
2. Measurement of Amplitude, Frequency & Phase difference using CRO.
3. Verification of Kirchoff's Law.
4. Verification of Norton's theorem.
5. Verification of Thevenin's Theorem.
6. Verification of Superposition Theorem.
7. Verification of the Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.
8. RC Circuits: Time Constant, Differentiator, Integrator.
9. Designing of a Low Pass RC Filter and study of its Frequency Response.
10. Designing of a High Pass RC Filter and study of its Frequency Response.
11. Study of the Frequency Response of a Series LCR Circuit and determination of its (a) Resonant Frequency (b) Impedance at Resonance (c) Quality Factor Q (d) Band Width.

SEMESTER	I	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR02T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Mathematics Foundation for Electronics					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 14

- Ordinary Differential Equations: First Order Ordinary Differential Equations, Basic Concepts, Separable Ordinary Differential Equations, Exact Ordinary Differential Equations, Linear Ordinary Differential Equations. Second Order homogeneous and non-homogeneous Differential Equations.
- Series solution of differential equations and special functions: Power series method, Legendre Polynomials, Frobenius Method, Bessel's equations and Bessel's functions of first and second kind. Error functions and gamma function.
- Integral Calculus: Integration by parts with problems, partial fractional expansion method with problems, working knowledge of double integral.

Unit 2

Lectures 14

- Matrices: Introduction to Matrices, System of Linear Algebraic Equations, Gaussian Elimination Method, Gauss -Seidel Method, LU decomposition, Solution of Linear System by LU decomposition. Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors, Linear Transformation, Properties of Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Diagonalization, Powers of a Matrix. Real and Complex Matrices, Symmetric, Skew Symmetric, Orthogonal Quadratic Form, Hermitian, Skew Hermitian, Unitary Matrices.

Unit 3

Lectures 14

- Sequences and series: Sequences, Limit of a sequence, Convergence, Divergence and Oscillation of a sequence, Infinite series, Necessary condition for Convergence, Cauchy's Integral Test, D'Alembert's Ratio Test, Cauchy's nth Root Test, Alternating Series, Leibnitz's Theorem, Absolute Convergence and Conditional Convergence, Power Series.

Unit 4

Lectures 16

- Complex Variables and Functions: Complex Variable, Complex Function, Continuity, Differentiability, Analyticity. Cauchy-Riemann (C- R) Equations, Harmonic and Conjugate Harmonic Functions, Exponential Function, Trigonometric Functions, Hyperbolic Functions. Line Integral in Complex Plane, Cauchy's Integral Theorem, Cauchy's Integral Formula, Derivative of Analytic Functions. Sequences, Series and Power Series, Taylor's Series, Laurent Series, Zeroes and Poles. Residue integration method, Residue integration of real Integrals.

Suggested books

1. E. Kreyszig, advanced engineering mathematics, Wiley India (2008)
2. Murray Spiegel, Seymour Lipschutz, John Schiller, Outline of Complex Variables, Schaum Outline Series, Tata McGraw Hill (2007)
3. R. K. Jain, and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publishing House (2007)
4. C.R. Wylie and L. C. Barrett, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw-Hill (2004)
5. B. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited (2007)

SEMESTER	I	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR02P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Mathematics Foundation for Electronics Lab					LECTURES	60

1. Solution of First Order Differential Equations
2. Solution of Second Order homogeneous Differential Equations
3. Solution of Second Order non-homogeneous Differential Equations
4. Convergence of a given series.
5. Divergence of a given series.
6. Solution of linear system of equations using Gauss Elimination method.
7. Solution of linear system of equations using Gauss – Seidel method.
8. Solution of linear system of equations using L-U decomposition method.

SEMESTER	II	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR03T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Semiconductor Devices					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 14

- Semiconductor Basics: Introduction to Semiconductor Materials, Crystal Structure, Reciprocal lattice, Primitive cells, Crystal Planes and Miller Indices, Energy Band in Solids, Concept of Effective Mass, Density of States, Carrier Concentration at Normal Equilibrium in Intrinsic Semiconductors, Derivation of Fermi Level for Intrinsic & Extrinsic Semiconductors, Donors, Acceptors, Dependence of Fermi Level on Temperature and Doping Concentration, Temperature Dependence of Carrier Concentrations.
- Carrier Transport Phenomena: Carrier Drift, Mobility, Resistivity, Hall Effect, Diffusion Process, Einstein Relation, Current Density Equation, Carrier Injection, Generation And Recombination Processes, Continuity Equation.

Unit 2

Lectures 14

- P-N Junction Diode: Formation of Depletion Layer, Space Charge at a Junction, Derivation of Electrostatic Potential Difference at Thermal Equilibrium, Depletion Width and Depletion Capacitance of an Abrupt Junction. Concept of Linearly Graded Junction, Derivation of Diode Equation and I-V Characteristics. Zener and Avalanche Junction Breakdown Mechanism.
- Tunnel diode, varactor diode, solar cell: circuit symbol, characteristics, applications

Unit 3

Lectures 14

- Bipolar Junction Transistors (BJT): PNP and NPN Transistors, Basic Transistor Action, Emitter Efficiency, Base Transport Factor, Current Gain, Energy Band Diagram of Transistor in Thermal Equilibrium, Quantitative Analysis of Static Characteristics (Minority Carrier Distribution and Terminal Currents), Base-Width Modulation, Modes of operation, Input and Output Characteristics of CB, CE and CC Configurations.
- Metal Semiconductor Junctions: Ohmic and Rectifying Contacts.

Unit 4

Lectures 18

- Field Effect Transistors: JFET, Construction, Idea of Channel Formation, Pinch-Off and Saturation Voltage, Current-Voltage Output Characteristics. MOSFET, types of MOSFETs, Circuit symbols, Working and Characteristic curves of Depletion type MOSFET (both N channel and P Channel) and Enhancement type MOSFET (both N channel and P channel). Complimentary MOS (CMOS).
- Power Devices: UJT, Basic construction and working, Equivalent circuit, intrinsic Standoff Ratio, Characteristics and relaxation oscillator-expression. SCR, Construction, Working and Characteristics, Triac, Diac, IGBT, MESFET, Circuit symbols, Basic constructional features, Operation and Applications.

Suggested Books

1. S. M. Sze, Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology, 2nd Edition, Wiley India edition (2002).
2. Ben G Streetman and S. Banerjee, Solid State Electronic Devices, Pearson Education (2006)
3. Dennis Le Croisette, Transistors, Pearson Education (1989)
4. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Devices: Basic Principles, John Wiley and Sons (2001)
5. Kanaan Kano, Semiconductor Devices, Pearson Education (2004)
6. Robert F. Pierret, Semiconductor Device Fundamentals, Pearson Education (2006)

SEMESTER	II	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR03P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Semiconductor Devices Lab					LECTURES	60

(Hardware and Circuit Simulation Software)

1. Study of the I-V Characteristics of Diode – Ordinary and Zener Diode.
2. Study of the I-V Characteristics of the CE configuration of BJT and obtain r_i , r_o , β .
3. Study of the I-V Characteristics of the Common Base Configuration of BJT and obtain r_i , r_o , α .
4. Study of the I-V Characteristics of the Common Collector Configuration of BJT and obtain voltage gain, r_i , r_o .
5. Study of the I-V Characteristics of the UJT.
6. Study of the I-V Characteristics of the SCR.
7. Study of the I-V Characteristics of JFET.
8. Study of the I-V Characteristics of MOSFET.
9. Study of Characteristics of Solar Cell
10. Study of Hall Effect.

SEMESTER	II	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR04T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Applied Physics					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 18

- Quantum Physics: Inadequacies of Classical physics. Compton's effect, Photo-electric Effect, Wave-particle duality, de Broglie waves. Basic postulates and formalism of quantum mechanics: probabilistic interpretation of waves, conditions for physical acceptability of wave functions. Schrodinger wave equation for a free particle and in a force field (1 dimension), Boundary and continuity conditions. Operators in Quantum Mechanics, Conservation of probability, Time-dependent form, Linearity and superposition, Operators, Time-independent one dimensional Schrodinger wave equation, Stationary states, Eigen-values and Eigen functions. Particle in a one-dimensional box, Extension to a three dimensional box, Potential barrier problems, phenomenon of tunnelling. Kronig Penney Model and development of band structure. Spherically symmetric potentials, the Hydrogen-like atom problem.

Unit 2

Lectures 18

- Microstates and Macrostates- Classical description in terms of phase space and quantum description in terms of wave functions, idea of ensemble hypothesis of equal a priori probability for microstates of an isolated system in equilibrium, Microcanonical ensemble, ergodic hypothesis, Interaction between two systems- thermal, mechanical and diffusive statistical definition of temperature, pressure, entropy and chemical potential. Canonical and grand canonical ensemble, Partition function of a system in thermal equilibrium, heat bath. Law of equilibrium of energy, its limit of validity and application.
- Classical Statistics. Maxwell Boltzmann (MB) distribution law, derivation, (microcanonical) calculation of thermodynamic quantity for ideal monoatomic.
- Quantum Statistics. Gibbs paradox, Identical Particle and symmetry requirements.
- Bose-Einstein Distribution law, derivation, application of B-E Statistics to derive Plank's Law. Rayleigh Jeans and Wien's law as limiting cases of Plank's law. Phonon and lattice specific heat of solids: Einstein and Debye's theory, Bose-Einstein condensation (Qualitative Discussion)
- Fermi-Dirac Distribution Law: Derivation, Fermi Distribution at zero and non zero temperatures. Expression for Fermi energy in terms of particle density. Degeneration and non degeneration Fermi Gases. Application of F D Statistics.

Unit 3

Lectures 12

- Thermal Properties: Brief Introduction to Laws of Thermodynamics, Concept of Entropy, Concept of Phonons, Heat Capacity, Debye's Law, Lattice Specific Heat, Electronic Specific Heat, Specific Heat Capacity for Si and GaAs, Thermal Conductivity, Thermoelectricity, Seebeck Effect, Thomson Effect, Peltier Effect.

Unit 4

Lectures 12

- Electric and Magnetic Properties: Conductivity of metals, Ohm's Law, relaxation time, collision time and mean free path, electron scattering and resistivity of metals, heat developed in current carrying conductor, Superconductivity.
- Classification of Magnetic Materials, Origin of Magnetic moment, Origin of dia, para, ferro and antiferro magnetism and their comparison, Ferrimagnetic materials, Saturation Magnetisation and Curie temperature, Magnetic domains, Concepts of Giant Magnetic Resistance (GMR), Magnetic recording.

Suggested Books

1. S. Vijaya and G. Rangarajan, Material Science, Tata Mcgraw Hill (2003)
2. W. E. Callister, Material Science and Engineering: An Introduction, Wiley India (2006)
3. Beiser, Concepts of Modern Physics , McGraw-Hill Book Company (1987)
4. Ghatak& S. Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications, Macmillan India (2004)

SEMESTER	II	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR04P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Applied Physics Lab					LECTURES	60

1. To measure the resistivity of a Ge crystal with temperature by four –probe method from room temperature to 200⁰C).
2. To determine the value of Boltzmann Constant by studying forward characteristics of diode.
3. To determine the value of Planck’s constant by using LEDs of at least 4 different wavelengths.
4. To determine e/m of electron by Bar Magnet or by Magnetic Focusing.
5. To study Seebeck effect using a thermocouple.
6. To study Peltier effect using a thermocouple.

SEMESTER	III	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR05T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Electronics Circuits					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 14

- Diode Circuits: Ideal diode, piecewise linear equivalent circuit, dc load line analysis, Quiescent (Q) point. Clipping and clamping circuits. Rectifiers: HWR, FWR (center tapped and bridge). Circuit diagrams, working and waveforms, ripple factor & efficiency, comparison. Filters: types, circuit diagram and explanation of shunt capacitor filter with waveforms.
- Zener diode regulator circuit diagram and explanation for load and line regulation, disadvantages of Zener diode regulator.

Unit 2

Lectures 15

- Bipolar Junction Transistor: Review of CE, CB Characteristics and regions of operation. Hybrid parameters. Transistor biasing, DC load line, operating point, thermal runaway, stability and stability factor, Fixed bias without and with RE, collector to base bias, voltage divider bias and emitter bias (+VCC and –VEE bias), circuit diagrams and their working.
- Transistor as a switch, circuit and working, Darlington pair and its applications. BJT amplifier (CE), dc and ac load line analysis, hybrid model of CE configuration, Quantitative study of the frequency response of a CE amplifier, Effect on gain and bandwidth for Cascaded CE amplifiers (RC coupled).

Unit 3

Lectures 13

- Feedback Amplifiers: Concept of feedback, negative and positive feedback, advantages and disadvantages of negative feedback, voltage (series and shunt), current (series and shunt) feedback amplifiers, gain, input and output impedances . Barkhausen criteria for oscillations, Study of phase shift oscillator, Colpitts oscillator and Hartley oscillator.

Unit 4

Lectures 18

- MOSFET Circuits: Review of Depletion and Enhancement MOSFET, Biasing of MOSFETs, Small Signal Parameters, Common Source amplifier circuit analysis, CMOS circuits.
- Power Amplifiers: Difference between voltage and power amplifier, classification of power amplifiers, Class A, Class B, Class C and their comparisons. Operation of a Class A single ended power amplifier. Operation of Transformer coupled Class A power amplifier, overall efficiency. Circuit operation of complementary symmetry Class B push pull power amplifier, crossover distortion, heat sinks.
- Single tuned amplifiers: Circuit diagram, Working and Frequency Response for each, Limitations of single tuned amplifier, Applications of tuned amplifiers in communication circuits.

Suggested Books

1. Electronic Devices and circuit theory, Robert Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9th Edition, 2013, PHI
2. Electronic devices, David A Bell, Reston Publishing Company
3. 3D. L. Schilling and C. Belove, Electronic Circuits: Discrete and Integrated, Tata McGraw Hill (2002)
4. 4Donald A. Neamen, Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design, Tata McGraw Hill (2002)
5. 5J. Millman and C. C. Halkias, Integrated Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill (2001)
6. J. R. C. Jaegar and T. N. Blalock, Microelectronic Circuit Design, Tata McGraw Hill (2010)
7. J. J. Cathey, 2000 Solved Problems in Electronics, Schaum's outline Series, Tata McGraw Hill (1991)
8. Allen Mottershed, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Goodyear Publishing Corporation

SEMESTER	III	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR05P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Electronics CircuitsLab					LECTURES	60

(Hardware and Circuit Simulation Software)

1. Study of the half wave rectifier and Full wave rectifier.
2. Study of power supply using C filter and Zener diode.
3. Designing and testing of 5V/9 V DC regulated power supply and find its load-regulation
4. Study of clipping and clamping circuits .
5. Study of Fixed Bias, Voltage divider and Collector-to-Base bias Feedback configuration for transistors.
6. Designing of a Single Stage CE amplifier.
7. Study of Class A, B and C Power Amplifier.
8. Study of the Colpitt's Oscillator.
9. Study of the Hartley's Oscillator.
10. Study of the Phase Shift Oscillator
11. Study of the frequency response of Common Source FET amplifier.

SEMESTER	III	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR06T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Digital Electronics and Verilog/VHDL					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 11

- Number System and Codes: Decimal, Binary, Hexadecimal and Octal number systems, base conversions, Binary, octal and hexadecimal arithmetic (addition, subtraction by complement method, multiplication), representation of signed and unsigned numbers, Binary Coded Decimal code.
- Logic Gates and Boolean algebra: Introduction to Boolean Algebra and Boolean operators, Truth Tables of OR, AND, NOT, Basic postulates and fundamental theorems of Boolean algebra, Truth tables, construction and symbolic representation of XOR, XNOR, Universal (NOR and NAND) gates.
- Digital Logic families: Fan-in, Fan out, Noise Margin, Power Dissipation, Figure of merit, Speed power product, TTL and CMOS families and their comparison.

Unit 2

Lectures 13

- Combinational Logic Analysis and Design: Standard representation of logic functions (SOP and POS), Karnaugh map minimization, Encoder and Decoder, Multiplexers and Demultiplexers, Implementing logic functions with multiplexer, binary Adder, binary subtractor, parallel adder/subtractor.

Unit 3

Lectures 18

- Sequential logic design: Latches and Flip flops , S-R Flip flop, J-K Flip flop, T and D type Flip flop, Clocked and edge triggered Flip flops, master slave flip flop, Registers, Counters (synchronous and asynchronous and modulo-N), State Table, State Diagrams, counter design using excitation table and equations. , Ring counter and Johnson counter.
- Programmable Logic Devices: Basic concepts- ROM, PLA, PAL, CPLD, FPGA

Unit 4

Lectures 18

- Introduction to Verilog: A Brief History of HDL, Structure of HDL Module, Comparison of VHDL and Verilog, Introduction to Simulation and Synthesis Tools, Test Benches. Verilog Modules, Delays, data flow style, behavioural style, structural style, mixed design style, simulating design.
- Introduction to Language Elements, Keywords, Identifiers, White Space Characters, Comments, format, Integers, real's and strings. Logic Values, Data Types-net types, undeclared nets, scalars and vector nets, Register type, Parameters. Expressions, Operands, Operators, types of Expressions
- Data flow Modelling and BehaviouralModelling: Data flow Modelling: Continuous assignment, net declaration assignments, delays, net delays.
- BehaviouralModelling: Procedural constructs, timing controls, block statement, procedural assignments, conditional statement, loop statement, procedural continuous assignment.
- Gate level modelling - Introduction, built in Primitive Gates, multiple input gates, Tri-state gates, pull gates, MOS switches, bidirectional switches, gate delay, array instances, implicit nets, Illustrative Examples (both combinational and sequential logic circuits).

OR

- Introduction to VHDL: A Brief History of HDL, Structure of HDL Module, Comparison of VHDL and Verilog, Introduction to Simulation and Synthesis Tools, Test Benches. VHDL Modules, Delays, data flow style, behavioural style, structural style, mixed design style, simulating design.
- Introduction to Language Elements, Keywords, Identifiers, White Space Characters, Comments, format. VHDL terms, describing hardware in VHDL, entity, architectures, concurrent signal assignment, event scheduling, statement concurrency, structural designs,

sequential behaviour, process statements, process declarative region, process statement region, process execution, sequential statements, architecture selection, configuration statements, power of configurations.

- Behavioural Modelling: Introduction to behavioural modelling, inertial delay, transport delay, inertial delay model, transport delay model, transport vs inertial delay, simulation delta drivers, driver creation, generics, block statements, guarded blocks.
- Sequential Processing: Process statement, sensitivity list, signal assignment vs variable assignment, sequential statements, IF, CASE, LOOP, NEXT, EXIT and ASSERT statements, assertion BNF, WAIT ON signal, WAIT UNTIL expression, WAIT FOR time expression, multiple wait conditions, WAIT Time-Out, Sensitivity List vs WAIT Statement Concurrent Assignment, Passive Processes.
- Data types: Object types-signal, variable, constant, Data types –scalar types, composite types, incomplete types, File Type caveats, subtypes, Subprograms and functions

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Suggested Books

1. M. Morris Mano Digital System Design, Pearson Education Asia, (Fourth Edition)
2. Thomas L. Floyd, Digital Fundamentals, Pearson Education Asia (1994)
3. W. H. Gothmann, Digital Electronics: An Introduction To Theory And Practice, Prentice Hall of India(2000)
4. R. L. Tokheim, Digital Principles, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw- Hill (1994)
5. A Verilog HDL Primer – J. Bhasker, BSP, 2003 II Edition.
6. Verilog HDL-A guide to digital design and synthesis-Samir Palnitkar, Pearson, 2nd edition.

SEMESTER	III	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR06P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Digital Electronics and Verilog/VHDL Lab					LECTURES	60

(Hardware and Circuit Simulation Software)

1. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.
2. To convert a Boolean expression into logic gate circuit and assemble it using logic gate IC's.
3. Design a Half and Full Adder.
4. Design a Half and Full Subtractor.
5. Design a seven segment display driver.
6. Design a 4 X 1 Multiplexer using gates.
7. To build a Flip- Flop Circuits using elementary gates. (RS, Clocked RS, D-type).
8. Design a counter using D/T/JK Flip-Flop.
9. Design a shift register and study Serial and parallel shifting of data.

Experiments in Verlog/VHDL

1. Write code to realize basic and derived logic gates.
2. Half adder, Full Adder using basic and derived gates.
3. Half subtractor and Full Subtractor using basic and derived gates.
4. Clocked D FF, T FF and JK FF (with Reset inputs).
5. Multiplexer (4x1, 8x1) and Demultiplexer using logic gates.
6. Decoder (2x4, 3x8), Encoders and Priority Encoders.
7. Design and simulation of a 4 bit Adder.
8. Code converters (Binary to Gray and vice versa).
9. 2 bit Magnitude comparator.
10. 3 bit Ripple counter.

SEMESTER	III	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR07T	CREDITS	04
NAME	C Programming and Data Structures					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 12

- C Programming Language: Introduction, Importance of C, Character set, Tokens, keywords, identifier, constants, basic data types, variables: declaration & assigning values. Structure of C program
- Arithmetic operators, relational operators, logical operators, assignment operators, increment and decrement operators, conditional operators, bit wise operators, expressions and evaluation of expressions, type cast operator, implicit conversions, precedence of operators. Arrays-concepts, declaration, accessing elements, storing elements, two-dimensional and multi-dimensional arrays. Input output statement and library functions (math and string related functions).

Unit 2

Lectures 19

- Decision making, branching & looping: Decision making, branching and looping: if, if-else, else-if, switch statement, break, for loop, while loop and do loop. Functions: Defining functions, function arguments and passing, returning values from functions.
- Structures: defining and declaring a structure variables, accessing structure members, initializing a structure, copying and comparing structure variables, array of structures, arrays within structures, structures within structures, structures and functions. Pointers.
- Introduction to C++: Object oriented programming, characteristics of an object-oriented language.

Unit 3

Lectures 15

- Data Structures: Definition of stack, array implementation of stack, conversion of infix expression to prefix, postfix expressions, evaluation of postfix expression. Definition of Queue, Circular queues, Array implementation of queues. Linked List and its implementation, Link list implementation of stack and queue, Circular and doubly linked list.

Unit 4

Lectures 14

- Searching and sorting: Insertion sort, selection sort, bubble sort, merge sort, linear Search, binary search. Trees : Introduction to trees, Binary search tree, Insertion and searching in a BST, preorder, postorder and inorder traversal (recursive)

Suggested Books

1. YashavantKanetkar, Let Us C , BPB Publications
2. Programming in ANSI C, Balagurusamy, 2nd edition, TMH.
3. Byron S Gottfried, Programming with C , Schaum Series
4. Brian W. Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice Hall
5. YashavantKanetkar, Pointers in C, BPB Publications
6. S. Sahni and E. Horowitz, "Data Structures", Galgotia Publications
7. Tanenbaum: "Data Structures using C", Pearson/PHI.
8. Ellis Horowitz and SartazSahani "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", Computer Science Press.

SEMESTER	III	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR07P	CREDITS	02
NAME	C Programming and Data Structures Lab					LECTURES	60

1. Generate the Fibonacci series up to the given limit N and also print the number of elements in the series.
2. Find minimum and maximum of N numbers.
3. Find the GCD of two integer numbers.
4. Calculate factorial of a given number.
5. Find all the roots of a quadratic equation $Ax^2 + Bx + C = 0$ for non – zero coefficients A, B and C. Else report error.
6. Calculate the value of $\sin(x)$ and $\cos(x)$ using the series. Also print $\sin(x)$ and $\cos(x)$ value using library function.
7. Generate and print prime numbers up to an integer N.
8. Sort given N numbers in ascending order.
9. Find the sum & difference of two matrices of order MxN and PxQ.
10. Find the product of two matrices of order MxN and PxQ.
11. Find the transpose of given MxN matrix.
12. Find the sum of principle and secondary diagonal elements of the given MxN matrix.
13. Calculate the subject wise and student wise totals and store them as a part of the structure.
14. Maintain an account of a customer using classes.
15. Implement linear and circular linked lists using single and double pointers.
16. Create a stack and perform Pop, Push, Traverse operations on the stack using Linear Linked list
17. Create circular linked list having information about a college and perform Insertion at front, Deletion at end.
18. Create a Linear Queue using Linked List and implement different operations such as Insert, Delete, and Display the queue elements.
19. Implement polynomial addition and subtraction using linked lists.
20. Implement sparse matrices using arrays and linked lists.
21. Create a Binary Tree to perform Tree traversals (Preorder, Postorder, Inorder) using the concept of recursion.
22. Implement binary search tree using linked lists. Compare its time complexity over that of linear search.
23. Implement Insertion sort, Merge sort, Bubble sort, Selection sort.

SEMESTER	IV	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR08T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Operational Amplifiers and Applications					LECTURES	60

1.

Unit 1

Lectures 18

- 7uBasic Operational Amplifier: Concept of differential amplifiers (Dual input balanced and unbalanced
- output), constant current bias, current mirror, cascaded differential amplifier stages with concept of level translator, block diagram of an operational amplifier (IC 741)
- Op-Amp parameters: input offset voltage, input offset current, input bias current, differential input resistance, input capacitance, offset voltage adjustment range, input voltage range, common mode rejection ratio, slew rate, supply voltage rejection ratio.

Unit 2

Lectures 18

- Op-Amp Circuits: Open and closed loop configuration, Frequency response of an op-amp in open loop and closed loop configurations, Inverting, Non-inverting, Summing and difference amplifier, Integrator, Differentiator, Voltage to current converter, Current to voltage converter.
- Comparators: Basic comparator, Level detector, Voltage limiters, Schmitt Trigger.
- Signal generators: Phase shift oscillator, Wein bridge oscillator, Square wave generator, triangle wave generator, saw tooth wave generator, and Voltage controlled oscillator(IC 566).

Unit 3

Lectures 18

- Multivibrators (IC 555): Block diagram, Astable and monostablemultivibrator circuit, Applications of Monostable and Astablemultivibrators. Phase locked loops (PLL): Block diagram, phase detectors, IC565. Fixed and variable IC regulators: IC 78xx and IC 79xx - concepts only, IC LM317- output voltage equation

Unit 4

Lectures 12

- Signal Conditioning circuits: Sample and hold systems, Active filters: First order low pass and high pass Butterworth filter, Second order filters, Band pass filter, Band reject filter, All pass filter, Log and antilog amplifiers.

Suggested Books

1. R. A. Gayakwad, Op-Amps and Linear IC's, Pearson Education (2003)
2. R. F. Coughlin and F. F. Driscoll, Operational amplifiers and Linear Integrated circuits, Pearson Education (2001)
3. J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, Integrated Electronics, Tata McGraw-Hill,(2001)
4. A.P.Malvino, Electronic Principals,6th Edition , Tata McGraw-Hill,(2003)
5. K.L.Kishore,OP-AMP and Linear Integrated Circuits, Pearson(2011)

SEMESTER	IV	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR08P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Operational Amplifiers and Application Lab					LECTURES	60

(Hardware and Circuit Simulation Software)

1. Study of op-amp characteristics: CMRR and Slew rate.
2. Designing of an amplifier of given gain for an inverting and non-inverting configuration using an op-amp.
3. Designing of analog adder and subtractor circuit.
4. Designing of an integrator using op-amp for a given specification and study its frequency response.
5. Designing of a differentiator using op-amp for a given specification and study its frequency response.
6. Designing of a First Order Low-pass filter using op-amp.
7. Designing of a First Order High-pass filter using op-amp.
8. Designing of a RC Phase Shift Oscillator using op-amp.
9. Study of IC 555 as an astable multivibrator.
10. Study of IC 555 as monostable multivibrator.
11. Designing of Fixed voltage power supply using IC regulators using 78 series and 79 series

SEMESTER	IV	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR09T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Signals & Systems					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 17

- Signals and Systems: Continuous and discrete time signals, Transformation of the independent variable, Exponential and sinusoidal signals, Impulse and unit step functions, Continuous-Time and Discrete-Time Systems, Basic System Properties..

Unit 2

Lectures 13

- Linear Time -Invariant Systems (LTI): Discrete time LTI systems, the Convolution Sum, Continuous time LTI systems, the Convolution integral. Properties of LTI systems, Commutative, Distributive, Associative. LTI systems with and without memory, Invariability, Causality, Stability, Unit Step response. Differential and Difference equation formulation, Block diagram representation of first order systems.

Unit 3

Lectures 18

- Fourier Series Representation of Periodic Signals: Continuous-Time periodic signals, Convergence of the Fourier series, Properties of continuous-Time Fourier series, Discrete-Time periodic signals, Properties of Discrete-Time Fourier series. Frequency-Selective filters, Simple RC highpass and lowpass filters
- Fourier Transform: Aperiodic signals, Periodic signals, Properties of Continuous-time Fourier transform, Convolution and Multiplication Properties, Properties of Fourier transform and basic Fourier transform Pairs.

Unit 4

Lectures 12

- Laplace Transform: Laplace Transform, Inverse Laplace Transform, Properties of the Laplace Transform, Laplace Transform Pairs, Laplace Transform for signals, Laplace Transform Methods in Circuit Analysis, Impulse and Step response of RL, RC and RLC circuits..

Suggested Books

1. V. Oppenheim, A. S. Wilsky and S. H. Nawab, Signals and Systems, Pearson Education (2007)
2. S. Haykin and B. V. Veen, Signal and Systems, John Wiley & Sons (2004)
3. Alexander and M. Sadiku, Fundamentals of Electric Circuits , McGraw Hill (2008)
4. H. P. Hsu, Signals and Systems, Tata McGraw Hill (2007)
5. S. T. Karris, Signal and Systems: with MATLAB Computing and Simulink Modelling, Orchard Publications (2008)
6. W. Y. Young, Signals and Systems with MATLAB, Springer (2009)
7. M. Roberts, Fundamentals of Signals and Systems, Tata McGraw Hill (2007)

SEMESTER	IV	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR09P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Signals & Systems Lab					LECTURES	60

(Scilab/MATLAB/ Other Mathematical Simulation software)

1. Generation of Signals: continuous time
2. Generation of Signals: discrete time
3. Time shifting and time scaling of signals.
4. Convolution of Signals
5. Solution of Difference equations.
6. Fourier series representation of continuous time signals.
7. Fourier transform of continuous time signals.
8. Laplace transform of continuous time signals.
9. Introduction to Xcos/similar function and calculation of output of systems represented by block diagrams.

SEMESTER	IV	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR10T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Electronic Instrumentation					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 15

- Qualities of Measurement: Specifications of instruments, their static and dynamic characteristics, Error (Gross error, systematic error, absolute error and relative error) and uncertainty analysis. Statistical analysis of data and curve fitting.
- Basic Measurement Instruments: PMMC instrument, galvanometer, DC measurement - ammeter, voltmeter, ohm meter, AC measurement, Digital voltmeter systems (integrating and non-integrating types), digital multimeters, digital frequency meter system (different modes and universal counter).
- Connectors and Probes: low capacitance probes, high voltage probes, current probes, identifying electronic connectors – audio and video, RF/Coaxial, USB etc.

Unit 2

Lectures 15

- Measurement of Resistance and Impedance: Low Resistance: Kelvin's double bridge method, Medium Resistance by Voltmeter Ammeter method, Wheatstone bridge method, High Resistance by Megger. A.C. bridges, Measurement of Self Inductance, Maxwell's bridge, Hay's bridge and Anderson's bridge, Measurement of Capacitance, Schering's bridge, DeSauty's bridge, Measurement of frequency, Wien's bridge.
- A-D and D-A Conversion: 4 bit binary weighted resistor type D-A conversion, circuit and working. Circuit of R-2R ladder. A-D conversion characteristics, successive approximation ADC. (Mention of relevant ICs for all).

Unit 3

Lectures 16

- Oscilloscopes: CRT, wave form display and electrostatic focusing, time base and sweep synchronization, measurement of voltage, frequency and phase by CRO, Oscilloscope probes, Dual trace oscilloscope, Sampling Oscilloscope, DSO and Powerscope: Block diagram, principle and working, Advantages and applications, CRO specifications (bandwidth, sensitivity, rise time).
- Signal Generators: Audio oscillator, Pulse Generator, Function generators.

Unit 4

Lectures 14

- Transducers and sensors: Classification of transducers, Basic requirement/characteristics of transducers, active & passive transducers, Resistive (Potentiometer, Strain gauge – Theory, types, temperature compensation and applications), Capacitive (Variable Area Type – Variable Air Gap type – Variable Permittivity type), Inductive (LVDT) and piezoelectric transducers.
- Measurement of displacement, velocity and acceleration (translational and rotational). Measurement of pressure (manometers, diaphragm, bellows), Measurement of temperature (RTD, thermistor, thermocouple, semiconductor IC sensors), Light transducers (photoresistors, photovoltaic cells, photodiodes).

Suggested Books

1. H. S. Kalsi, Electronic Instrumentation, TMH(2006)
2. W.D. Cooper and A. D. Helfrick, Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques, Prentice-Hall (2005).
3. Instrumentation Measurement and analysis: Nakra B C, Chaudry K, TMH
4. E.O.Doebelin, Measurement Systems: Application and Design, McGraw Hill Book - fifth Edition (2003).
5. Joseph J Carr, Elements of Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement, Pearson Education (2005)
6. David A. Bell, Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements, Prentice Hall (2013).

7. Oliver and Cage, "Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation", TMH (2009).
8. Alan S. Morris, "Measurement and Instrumentation Principles", Elsevier (Buterworth Heinmann-2008).
9. A. K Sawhney, Electrical and Electronics Measurements and Instrumentation, DhanpatRai and Sons (2007).
10. S. Rangan, G. R. Sarma and V. S. Mani, Instrumentation Devices and Systems, Tata Mcgraw Hill (1998).

SEMESTER	IV	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR10P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Electronic Instrumentation Lab					LECTURES	60

1. Design of multi range ammeter and voltmeter using galvanometer.
2. Measurement of resistance by Wheatstone bridge and measurement of bridge sensitivity.
3. Measurement of Capacitance by de'Sautys.
4. Measure of low resistance by Kelvin's double bridge.
5. To determine the Characteristics of resistance transducer - Strain Gauge (Measurement of Strain using half and full bridge.)
6. To determine the Characteristics of LVDT.
7. To determine the Characteristics of Thermistors and RTD.
8. Measurement of temperature by Thermocouples and study of transducers like AD590 (two terminal temperature sensor), PT-100, J- type, K-type.
9. To study the Characteristics of LDR, Photodiode, and Phototransistor:
 - a. Variable Illumination.
 - b. Linear Displacement.
10. Characteristics of one Solid State sensor/ Fiber optic sensor

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR11T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Microprocessor and Microcontrollers					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 18

- Introduction to Microprocessor: Introduction, Applications, Basic block diagram, Speed, Word size, Memory capacity, Classification of microprocessors (mention of different microprocessors being used)
- Microprocessor 8085: Features, Architecture -block diagram, General purpose registers, register pairs, flags, stack pointer, program counter, types of buses. Multiplexed address and data bus, generation of control signals, pin description of microprocessor 8085. Basic interfacing concepts, Memory mapped I/O and I/O mapped I/O.
- 8085 Instructions: Operation code, Operand & Mnemonics. Instruction set of 8085, instruction classification, addressing modes, instruction format. Data transfer instructions, arithmetic instructions, increment & decrement instructions, logical instructions, branch instructions and machine control instructions. Assembly language programming examples.

Unit 2

Lectures 10

- Stack operations, subroutine, call and return instructions. Delay loops, use of counters, timing diagrams-instruction cycle, machine cycle, T- states, time delay.
- Interrupt structure of 8085A microprocessor, processing of vectored and non-vectored interrupts, latency time and response time; Handling multiple interrupts
- Microcontrollers: Introduction, different types of microcontrollers, embedded microcontrollers, processor architectures. Harvard vs. Princeton, CISC vs. RISC architectures, microcontroller memory types, microcontroller features, clocking, I/O pins, interrupts, timers, peripherals.

Unit 3

Lectures 18

- PIC16F887 Microcontroller: Core features, Architecture, pin diagram, memory organization- Program and data memory organization, I/O Ports, oscillator module, Timer modules (Timer 0, Timer 1 and Timer 2), comparator module, analog-to-digital converter (ADC) module, data EEPROM, Enhanced capture/compare/PWM module, EUSART, master synchronous serial port (MSSP) module, special features of the CPU, interrupts, addressing modes, instruction set.

Unit 4

Lectures 14

- Interfacing to PIC16F887: LED, Switches, Solid State Relay, Seven Segment Display, 16x2 LCD display, 4x4 Matrix Keyboard, Digital to Analog Converter, Stepper Motor and DC Motor. Interfacing program examples using C language.

Suggested Books

1. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with 8085, Ramesh S.Gaonkar - Wiley Eastern Limited- IV Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Microprocessor & Microcomputer: B. Ram—DanpatRai Publications.
3. Microchip PIC16F87X datasheet
4. PIC Microcontrollers, Milan Verle, , mikroElektronika, 1st edition (2008)
5. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, "Microprocessors and Microcontrollers", Pearson, 2006

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR11P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Microprocessor and Microcontrollers Lab					LECTURES	60

8085 Assembly language programs:

1. Program to transfer a block of data.
2. Program for multibyte addition
3. Program for multibyte subtraction
4. Program to multiply two 8-bit numbers.
5. Program to divide a 16 bit number by 8 bit number.
6. Program to search a given number in a given list.
7. Program to generate terms of Fibonacci series.
8. Program to find minimum and maximum among N numbers
9. Program to find the square root of an integer.
10. Program to find GCD of two numbers.
11. Program to sort numbers in ascending/descending order.
12. Program to verify the truth table of logic gates.

PIC Microcontroller Programming

Note: Programs to be written using C programming language

1. LED blinking with a delay of 1 second.
2. Solid State Relay Interface
3. Interfacing of LCD (2X16).
4. Interfacing of stepper motor and Rotating stepper motor by N steps clockwise/anticlockwise with speed control.
5. To test all the gates of a given IC74XX is good or bad.
6. Generate sine, square, saw tooth, triangular and staircase waveform using DAC interface.
7. Display of 4- digit decimal number using the multiplexed 7-segment display interface.
8. Analog to digital conversion using internal ADC and display the result on LCD.
9. Implementation of DC-Volt meter (0-5V) using internal ADC and LCD
10. Digital to analog conversion using PWM (pulse delay to be implemented using timers).
11. Speed control of DC motor using PWM (pulse delay to be implemented using timers).
12. Interfacing of matrix keyboard (4X4).
13. Serial communication between microcontroller and PC.

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR12T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Electromagnetics					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 16

- Vector Analysis: Scalars and Vectors, Vector Algebra, Rectangular (Cartesian) Coordinate System, Vector Components and Unit Vector, Vector Field, Products, Cylindrical Coordinates, Spherical Coordinates, Differential Length, Area and Volume, Line Surface and Volume integrals, Del Operator, Gradient of a Scalar, Divergence and Curl of a Vector, the Laplacian.
- Electrostatic Fields: Coulomb's Law and Electric Field, Field due to Discrete and Continuous Charge Distributions, Electric Flux Density, Gauss's Law and Applications, Divergence Theorem and Maxwell's First Equation. Electric Potential, Potential due to a Charge and Charge distribution, Electric dipole. Electric Fields in Conductors, Current and Current Density, Continuity of Current, Metallic Conductor Properties and Boundary Conditions, Method of Images. Dielectric materials, Polarization, Dielectric Constant, Isotropic and Anisotropic dielectrics, Boundary conditions, Capacitance and Capacitors. Electrostatic Energy and Forces.

Unit 2

Lectures 14

- Poisson's Equation and Laplace's Equation: Derivation of Poisson's and Laplace's equation, Uniqueness Theorem, Examples of Solution of Laplace's Equation: Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinates. Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's law and Applications, Magnetic dipole, Ampere's Circuital Law, Curl and Stoke's Theorem, Maxwell's Equation, Magnetic Flux and Magnetic Flux Density, Scalar and Vector Magnetic Potentials. Magnetization in Materials and Permeability, Anisotropic materials, Magnetic Boundary Conditions, Inductors and Inductances, Magnetic Energy, Magnetic Circuits. Inductances and Inductors, Magnetic Energy, Forces and Torques.

Unit 3

Lectures 13

- Time-Varying Fields and Maxwell's Equations: Faraday's Law of Electromagnetic Induction, Stationary Circuit in Time-Varying Magnetic Field, Transformer and Motional EMF, Displacement Current, Maxwell's Equations in differential and integral form and Constitutive Relations. Potential Functions, Lorentz gauge and the Wave Equation for Potentials, Concept of Retarded Potentials. Electromagnetic Boundary Conditions. Time-Harmonic Electromagnetic Fields and use of Phasors.

Unit 4

Lectures 17

- Electromagnetic Wave Propagation: Time- Harmonic Electromagnetic Fields and use of Phasors, the Electromagnetic Spectrum, Wave Equation in a source free isotropic homogeneous media, Uniform Plane Waves in Lossless and Lossy unbounded homogeneous media, Wave Polarization, Phase and Group velocity, Flow of Electromagnetic Power and Poynting Vector. Uniform Plane wave incident on a Plane conductor boundary, concept of reflection and standing wave.
- Guided Electromagnetic Wave Propagation: Waves along Uniform Guiding Structures, TEM, TE and TM waves, Electromagnetic Wave Propagation in Parallel Plate and Rectangular Metallic Waveguides.

Suggested Books

1. Murray. R. Spiegel, Vector Analysis, Schaum series, Tata McGraw Hill (2006)
2. M. N. O. Sadiku, Elements of Electromagnetics, Oxford University Press (2001)
3. W. H. Hayt and J. A. Buck, Engineering Electromagnetics, Tata McGraw Hill (2006)
4. D. C. Cheng, Field and Wave Electromagnetics, Pearson Education (2001)
5. J. A. Edminster, Electromagnetics, Schaum Series, Tata McGraw Hill (2006)
6. N. Narayan Rao, Elements of Engineering Electromagnetics, Pearson Education (2006)
7. Introduction to Electrodynamics, D.J. Griffiths, Pearson Education (2012)
8. Electromagnetic Wave and Radiating System, Jordan and Balmain, Prentice Hall (1979)

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR12P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Electromagnetics Lab					LECTURES	60

(Using Scilab/ any other similar freeware)

1. Understanding and Plotting Vectors.
2. Transformation of vectors into various coordinate systems.
3. 2D and 3D Graphical plotting with change of view and rotation.
4. Representation of the Gradient of a scalar field, Divergence and Curl of Vector Fields.
5. Plots of Electric field and Electric Potential due to charge distributions.
6. Plots of Magnetic Flux Density due to current carrying wire.
7. Programs and Contour Plots to illustrate Method of Images
8. Solutions of Poisson and Laplace Equations – contour plots of charge and potential distributions
9. Introduction to Computational Electromagnetics: Simple Boundary Value Problems by Finite Difference/Finite Element Methods

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR13T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Communication Electronics					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 10

- Electronic communication: Block diagram of an electronic communication system, electromagnetic spectrum-band designations and applications, need for modulation, concept of channels and base-band signals. Concept of Noise, Types of Noise, Signal to noise ratio, Noise Figure, Noise Temperature, Friss formula.

Unit 2

Lectures 20

- Amplitude Modulation: Amplitude Modulation, modulation index and frequency spectrum. Generation of AM, Amplitude Demodulation (diode detector), Concept of Double side band suppressed carrier, Single side band suppressed carrier, other forms of AM (Pilot Carrier Modulation, Vestigial Side Band modulation, Independent Side Band Modulation). Block diagram of AM Transmitter and Receiver
- Angle modulation: Frequency and Phase modulation, modulation index and frequency spectrum, equivalence between FM and PM, Generation of FM (direct and indirect methods), FM detector (PLL). Block diagram of FM Transmitter and Receiver
- Comparison between AM, FM and PM.

Unit 3

Lectures 14

- Pulse Analog Modulation: Channel capacity, Sampling theorem, PAM, PDM, PPM modulation and detection techniques, Multiplexing, TDM and FDM.
- Pulse Code Modulation: Need for digital transmission, Quantizing, Uniform and Non-uniform Quantization, Quantization Noise, Companding, Coding, Decoding, Regeneration.

Unit 4

Lectures 16

- Digital Carrier Modulation Techniques: Block diagram of digital transmission and reception, Information capacity, Bit Rate, Baud Rate and M-ary coding. Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK), Phase Shift Keying (PSK), Binary Phase Shift Keying (BPSK) and Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK)

Suggested Books

1. Electronic communication systems- Kennedy, 3rd edition, McGraw international publications
2. Principles of Electronic communication systems – Frenzel, 3rd edition, McGraw Hill
3. Communication Systems, S. Haykin, Wiley India (2006)
4. Advanced electronic communications systems – Tomasi, 6th edition, PHI.
5. Communication Systems, S. Haykin, Wiley India (2006)

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR13P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Communication Electronics Lab					LECTURES	60

(Hardware and Circuit Simulation Software)

1. Study of Amplitude Modulation
2. Study of Amplitude Demodulation
3. Study of Frequency Modulation
4. Study of Frequency Demodulation
5. Study of Pulse Amplitude Modulation
6. AM Transmitter/Receiver
7. FM Transmitter/Receiver
8. Study of TDM, FDM
9. Study of Pulse Width Modulation
10. Study of Pulse Position Modulation
11. Study of Pulse Code Modulation
12. Study of Amplitude Shift Keying
13. Study of Phase Shift Keying,
14. Study of Frequency Shift Keying

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	CORE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSACOR14T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Photonics					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 22

- Light as an Electromagnetic Wave: Plane waves in homogeneous media, concept of spherical waves. Reflection and transmission at an interface, total internal reflection, Brewster's Law. Interaction of electromagnetic waves with dielectrics: origin of refractive index, dispersion.
- Interference : Superposition of waves of same frequency, Concept of coherence, Interference by division of wavefront, Young's double slit, Division of Amplitude, thin film interference, anti-reflecting films, Newton's rings; Michelson interferometer. Holography. Diffraction: Huygen Fresnel Principle, Diffraction Integral, Fresnel and Fraunhofer approximations. Fraunhofer Diffraction by a single slit, rectangular aperture, double slit, Resolving power of microscopes and telescopes; Diffraction grating: Resolving power and Dispersive power

Unit 2

Lectures 13

- Polarization: Linear, circular and elliptical polarization, polarizer-analyzer and Malus' law; Double refraction by crystals, Interference of polarized light, Wave propagation in uniaxial media. Half wave and quarter wave plates. Faraday rotation and electro-optic effect.

Unit 3

Lectures 13

- Light Emitting Diodes: Construction, materials and operation.
- Lasers: Interaction of radiation and matter, Einstein coefficients, Condition for amplification, laser cavity, threshold for laser oscillation, line shape function. Examples of common lasers. The semiconductor injection laser diode.
- Photodetectors: Bolometer, Photomultiplier tube, Charge Coupled Device. Photo transistors and Photodiodes (p-i-n, avalanche), quantum efficiency and responsively.
- LCD Displays: Types of liquid crystals, Principle of Liquid Crystal Displays, applications, advantages over LED displays.

Unit 4

Lectures 12

- Guided Waves and the Optical Fiber: TE and TM modes in symmetric slab waveguides, effective index, field distributions, Dispersion relation and Group Velocity. Step index optical fiber, total internal reflection, concept of linearly polarized waves in the step index circular dielectric waveguides, single mode and multimode fibers, attenuation and dispersion in optical fiber.

Suggested Books

1. AjoyGhatak, Optics, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi (2005)
2. E. Hecht, Optics, Pearson Education Ltd. (2002)
3. J. Wilson and J. F. B. Hawkes, Optoelectronics: An Introduction, Prentice Hall India (1996)
4. S. O. Kasap, Optoelectronics and Photonics: Principles and Practices, Pearson Education (2009)
5. Ghatak A.K. and Thyagarajan K., "Introduction to fiber optics," Cambridge Univ. Press. (1998)

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	CORE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSACOR14P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Photonics Lab					LECTURES	60

1. To verify the law of Malus for plane polarized light.
2. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Michelson's Interferometer.
3. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Newton's Rings.
4. To determine the resolving power and Dispersive power of Diffraction Grating.
5. Diffraction experiments using a laser.
6. Study of Faraday rotation.
7. Study of Electro-optic Effect.
8. To determine the specific rotation of scan sugar using polarimeter.
9. To determine characteristics of LEDs and Photo- detector.
10. To measure the numerical aperture of an optical fiber.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	DSE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSadSE01T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Power Electronics					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 12

- Power Devices: Need for semiconductor power devices, Power diodes, Enhancement of reverse blocking capacity, Introduction to family of thyristors.
- Silicon Controlled Rectifier (SCR): structure, I-V characteristics, Turn-On and Turn-Off characteristics, ratings, Factors affecting the characteristics/ratings of SCR, Gate-triggering circuits, Control circuits design and Protection circuits, Snubber circuit.

Unit 2

Lectures 14

- Diac and Triac: Basic structure, working and V-I characteristic of, application of a Diac as a triggering device for a Triac.
- Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors (IGBT): Basic structure, I-V Characteristics, switching characteristics, device limitations and safe operating area (SOA) etc.
- Application of SCR: SCR as a static switch, phase controlled rectification, single phase half wave, full wave and bridge rectifiers with inductive & non-inductive loads; AC voltage control using SCR and Triac as a switch.
- Power MOSFETs: operation modes, switching characteristics, power BJT, second breakdown, saturation and quasi-saturation state.

Unit 3

Lectures 17

- Power Inverters: Need for commutating circuits and their various types, d.c. link invertors, Parallel capacitor commutated invertors with and without reactive feedback and its analysis, Series Invertor, limitations and its improved versions, bridge invertors.
- Choppers: basic chopper circuit, types of choppers (Type A-D), step-down chopper, step-up chopper, operation of d.c. chopper circuits using self-commutation (A & B- type commutating circuit), cathode pulse turn-off chopper (using class D commutation), load sensitive cathode pulse turn-off chopper (Jones Chopper), Morgan's chopper

Unit 4

Lectures 17

- Electromechanical Machines: DC Motors, Basic understanding of field and armature, Principle of operation, EMF equation, Back EMF, Factors controlling motor speed, Thyristor based speed control of dc motors, AC motor (Induction Motor only), Rotor and stator, torque & speed of induction motor, Thyristor control of ac motors (block diagrams only).

Suggested Books

1. Power Electronics, P.C. Sen, TMH
2. Power Electronics & Controls, S.K. Dutta
3. Power Electronics, M.D. Singh & K.B. Khanchandani, TMH
4. Power Electronics Circuits, Devices and Applications, 3rd Edition, M.H. Rashid, Pearson Education
5. Power Electronics, Applications and Design, Ned Mohan, Tore.
6. Power Electronics, K. HariBabu, Scitech Publication.
7. Power Electronics, M.S. JamilAsghar, PHI.
8. A Textbook of Electrical Technology-Vol-II, B.L. Thareja, A.K. Thareja, S.Chand

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	DSE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSADSE01P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Power Electronics Lab					LECTURES	60

1. Study of I-V characteristics of DIAC
2. Study of I-V characteristics of a TRIAC
3. Study of I-V characteristics of a SCR
4. SCR as a half wave and full wave rectifiers with R and RL loads
5. DC motor control using SCR.
6. DC motor control using TRIAC.
7. AC voltage controller using TRIAC with UJT triggering.
8. Study of parallel and bridge inverter.
9. Design of snubber circuit
10. VI Characteristic of MOSFET and IGBT (Both)
11. Study of chopper circuits

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	DSE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSADSE02T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Transmission Lines, Antenna and Wave Propagation					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 15

- Electromagnetic Wave Propagation: Propagation in Good Conductors, Skin Effect, Reflection of uniform Plane Waves at normal incidence, Plane Wave reflection at Oblique Incidence, Wave propagation in dispersive media, concept of phase velocity and group velocity

Unit 2

Lectures 17

- Transmission Lines: Typical Transmission lines- Co-axial, Two Wire, Microstrip, Coplanar and Slot Lines, Transmission Line Parameters, Transmission Line Equations, Wave propagation in Transmission lines, lowloss, lossless line, Distortionless line, Input Impedence, Standing Wave Ratio ,Power. and lossy lines, Shorted Line, Open-Circuited Line, Matched Line, Smith Chart, Transmission Line Applications.

Unit 3

Lectures 13

- Waveguides and Waveguide Devices: Wave propagation in waveguides, Parallel plate waveguides, TEM, TM and TE modes, Rectangular waveguides, circular waveguides, Power transmission and attenuation, Rectangular cavity resonators, directional couplers, isolator, circulator.

Unit 4

Lectures 15

- Radiation of electromagnetic waves: Concept of retarded potentials, Antenna Parameters: Radiation Mechanism, Current Distribution on a Thin Wire Antenna, Radiation Pattern, Radiation Power Density, Radiation Intensity, Beamwidth, Directivity, Antenna Efficiency, Gain, Beam Efficiency, Bandwidth, Polarization, Input Impedance Antenna Radiation Efficiency, Effective Length and Equivalent Areas, Maximum Directivity and Maximum Effective Area, Friis Transmission Equation and Radar Range Equation.
- Types of Antenna: Hertzian dipole, Half wave dipole, Quarter-wave dipole, Yagi-Uda, microstrip, Parabolic antenna, Helical antenna, Antenna array.

Suggested Books

1. M. N. O. Sadiku, Principles of Electromagnetics, Oxford University Press (2001)
2. Karl E. Longren, Sava V. Savov, Randy J. Jost., Fundamentals of Electromagnetics with MATLAB, PHI
3. W. H. Hayt and J.A. Buck, Engineering Electromagnetics, Tata McGraw Hill (2006)
4. D. C. Cheng, Field and Wave Electromagnetics, Pearson Education (2001)
5. J. A. Edminster, Electromagnetics, Schaum Series, Tata McGraw Hill (2006)
6. N. Narayan Rao, Elements of Engineering Electromagnetics, Pearson Education (2006)
7. G. S. N. Raju, Antennas and Propagation, Pearson Education (2001)

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	DSE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSADSE02P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Transmission Lines, Antenna and Wave Propagation Lab					LECTURES	60

(Octave/Scilab/MATLAB/Other Mathematical Simulation Software)

1. Program to determine the phasor of forward propagating field
2. Program to determine the instantaneous field of a plane wave
3. Program to find the Phase constant, Phase velocity, Electric Field Intensity and Intrinsic ratio
4. Program to find skin depth, loss tangent and phase velocity
5. Program to determine the total voltage as a function of time and position in a loss less transmission line
6. Program to find the characteristic impedance, the phase constant an the phase velocity
7. Program to find the output power and attenuation coefficient
8. Program to find the power dissipated in the lossless transmission line
9. Program to find the total loss in lossy lines
10. Program to find the load impedance of a slotted line
11. Program to find the input impedance for a line terminated with pure capacitive impedance
12. Program to determine the operating range of frequency for TE₁₀ mode of air filled rectangular waveguide
13. Program to determine Directivity, Bandwidth, Beamwidth of an antenna
14. Program to determine diameter of parabolic reflector
15. Program to find out minimum distance between primary and secondary antenna

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	DSE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSADSE03T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Control Systems					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 16

- Introduction to Control Systems: Open loop and Closed loop control systems, Mathematical modeling of physical systems (Electrical, Mechanical and Thermal), Derivation of transfer function, Armature controlled and field controlled DC servomotors, AC servomotors, block diagram representation & signal flow graph, Reduction Technique, Mason's Gain Formula. Effect of feedback on control systems.

Unit 2

Lectures 14

- Time Domain Analysis: Time domain performance criteria, transient response of first, second & higher order systems, steady state errors and static error constants, Performance indices.
- Concept of Stability: Asymptotic stability and conditional stability, Routh – Hurwitz criterion, relative stability analysis, Root Locus plots and their applications.

Unit 3

Lectures 14

- Frequency Domain Analysis: Correlation between time and frequency response, Polar and inverse polar plots, frequency domain specifications, Logarithmic plots (Bode Plots), gain and phase margins, Nyquist stability criterion, relative stability using Nyquist criterion, constant M & N circles.

Unit 4

Lectures 16

- State Space Analysis: Definitions of state, state variables, state space, representation of systems, Solution of time invariant, homogeneous state equation, state transition matrix and its properties.
- Controllers and Compensation Techniques: Response with P, PI and PID Controllers, Concept of compensation, Lag, Lead and Lag-Lead networks.

Suggested Books

1. J. Nagrath & M. Gopal, Control System Engineering, New Age International, 2000
2. K. Ogata, Modern Control Engineering, PHI 2002
3. B. C. Kuo, "Automatic control system", Prentice Hall of India, 2000

SEMESTER	V	TYPE	DSE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSADSE03P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Control Systems Lab					LECTURES	60

(Hardware and Octave/Scilab/MATLAB/Other Mathematical Simulation software)

1. To study characteristics of: a. Synchro transmitter receiver, b. Synchro as an error detector
2. To study position control of DC motor
3. To study speed control of DC motor
4. To find characteristics of AC servo motor
5. To study time response of type 0, 1 and 2 systems
6. To study frequency response of first and second order systems
7. To study time response characteristics of a second order system.
8. To study effect of damping factor on performance of second order system
9. To study frequency response of Lead and Lag networks.
10. Study of P, PI and PID controller.

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	DSE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSADSE04T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Modern Communication Systems					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 16

- Advanced Digital Modulation Technique: DPCM, DM, ADM. Binary Line Coding Technique, Multi level coding, QAM (Modulation and Demodulation)

Unit 2

Lectures 10

- Optical Communication: Introduction of Optical Fiber, Types of Fiber, Guidance in Optical Fiber, Attenuation and Dispersion in Fiber, Optical Sources and Detectors, Block Diagram of optical communication system, optical power budgeting

Unit 3

Lectures 17

- Cellular Communication: Concept of cellular mobile communication – cell and cell splitting, frequency bands used in cellular communication, absolute RF channel numbers (ARFCN), frequency reuse, roaming and hand off, authentication of the SIM card of the subscribers, IMEI number, concept of data encryption, architecture (block diagram) of cellular mobile communication network, CDMA technology, CDMA overview, simplified block diagram of cellular phone handset, Comparative study of GSM and CDMA, 2G, 3G and 4G concepts.

Unit 4

Lectures 17

- Satellite communication: Introduction, need, satellite orbits, advantages and disadvantages of geostationary satellites. Satellite visibility, satellite system – space segment, block diagrams of satellite sub systems, up link, down link, cross link, transponders (C- Band), effect of solar eclipse, path loss, ground station, simplified block diagram of earth station. Satellite access, TDMA, FDMA, CDMA concepts, comparison of TDMA and FDMA, Satellite antenna (parabolic dish antenna), GPS-services like SPS & PPS.
- Local area networks (LAN): Primary characteristics of Ethernet-mobile IP, OSI model, wireless LAN requirements-concept of Bluetooth, Wi-Fi and WiMAX.

Suggested Books

- W. Tomasi, Electronic Communication Systems: Fundamentals through Advanced, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition
- Martin S. Roden, Analog & Digital Communication Systems, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, 3rd Edition
- Modern digital and analog Communication systems- B. P. Lathi, 4rd Edition 2009 Oxford University press.
- Thiagarajan Vishwanathan, Telecommunication Switching Systems and Networks, Prentice Hall of India.
- Theodore S. Rappaport, Wireless Communications Principles and Practice, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Asia.

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	DSE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSADSE04P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Modern Communication Systems Lab					LECTURES	60

1. Modulation of LED and detection through Photo detector.
2. Calculation of the transmission losses in an optical communication system.
3. Study of 16 QAM modulation and Detection with generation of Constellation Diagram
4. Study of DPCM and demodulation.
5. Study of DM, ADM
6. Study of architecture of Mobile phone.
7. Study of Satellite Communication System.
8. Study of Optical Fiber Communication System

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	DSE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSadSE05T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Computer Networks					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 15

- Data Communications : Components, protocols and standards, Network and Protocol Architecture, Reference Model ISO-OSI, TCP/IP-Overview ,topology, transmission mode, digital signals, digital to digital encoding, digital data transmission, DTE-DCE interface, interface standards, modems, cable modem, transmission media- guided and unguided, transmission impairment, Performance, wavelength and Shannon capacity. Review of Error Detection and Correction codes.
- Switching: Circuit switching (space-division, time division and space-time division), packet switching (virtual circuit and Datagram approach), message switching.

Unit 2

Lectures 15

- Data Link Layer: Design issues, Data Link Control and Protocols: Flow and Error Control, Stop-and-wait ARQ. Sliding window protocol, Go-Back-N ARQ, Selective Repeat ARQ, HDLC, Point-to-Point Access: PPP Point-to-Point Protocol, PPP Stack,
- Medium Access Sub layer: Channel allocation problem, Controlled Access, Channelization, multiple access protocols, IEEE standard 802.3 & 802.11 for LANS and WLAN, high-speed LANs, Token ring, Token Bus, FDDI based LAN, Network Devices-repeaters, hubs, switches bridges.

Unit 3

Lectures 15

- Network Layer: Design issues, Routing algorithms, Congestion control algorithms,
- Host to Host Delivery: Internetworking, addressing and routing, IP addressing (class full & Classless), Subnet, Network Layer Protocols: ARP, IPV4, ICMP, IPV6, ICMPV6.

Unit 4

Lectures 15

- Transport Layer: Process to Process Delivery: UDP; TCP, congestion control and Quality of service.
- Application Layer: Client Server Model, Socket Interface, Domain Name System (DNS): Electronic Mail (SMTP), file transfer (FTP), HTTP and WWW..

Suggested Books

1. S. Tannenbum, D. Wetherall, "Computer Networks", Prentice Hall, Pearson, 5thEd
2. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking", Tata McGraw-Hill, 4th Ed

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	DSE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSADSE05P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Computer Networks Lab					LECTURES	60

1. Introduction to Computer Network laboratory Introduction to Discrete Event Simulation
2. Discrete Event Simulation Tools - ns2/ns3, Omnet++
3. Using Free Open Source Software tools for network simulation of telnet and ftp between N sources - N sinks (N = 1, 2, 3). Evaluate the effect of increasing data rate on congestion.
4. Using Free Open Source Software tools for network simulation to study the effect of queuing disciplines on network performance - Random Early Detection/Weighted RED / Adaptive RED.
5. Using Free Open Source Software tools for network simulation for http, ftp and DBMS access in networks
6. Using Free Open Source Software tools for network simulation to study effect of VLAN on network performance - multiple VLANs and single router.
7. Using Free Open Source Software tools for network simulation to study effect of VLAN on network performance - multiple VLANs with separate multiple routers.
8. Using Free Open Source Software tools for network simulation to study the performance of wireless networks

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	DSE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSADSE06T	CREDITS	04
NAME	Digital Signal Processing					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 15

- Discrete Time systems: Discrete sequences, linear coefficient difference equation, Representation of DTS, LSI Systems. Stability and causality, frequency domain representations and Fourier transform of DT sequences.

Unit 2

Lectures 15

- Z-Transform: Definition and properties, Inverse Z Transform and stability. Parsevals Theorem and applications.
- System Function: signal flow graph, its use in representation and analysis of Discrete Time Systems. Techniques of representations. Matrix generation and solution for DTS evaluations.

Unit 3

Lectures 15

- Discrete Fourier Transform: DFT assumptions and Inverse DFT. Matrix relations, relationship with FT and its inverse, circular convolution, DFT theorems, DCT. Computation of DFT. FFT Algorithms and processing gain, Discrimination, interpolation and extrapolation. Gibbs phenomena. FFT of real functions interleaving and resolution improvement. Word length effects.

Unit 4

Lectures 15

- Digital Filters: Analog filter review. System function for IIR and FIR filters, network representation. Canonical and decomposition networks. IIR filter realization methods and their limitations. FIR filter realization techniques. Discrete correlation and convolution; Properties and limitations..

Suggested Books

1. A.V. Oppenheim and Schafer, Discrete Time Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, 1989
2. John G. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms and Applications, Prentice Hall, 1997.

SEMESTER	VI	TYPE	DSE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSADSE06P	CREDITS	02
NAME	Digital Signal Processing Lab					LECTURES	60

(Octave/Scilab/MATLAB/Other Mathematical Simulation software)

1. Generation of unit sample sequence, unit step, ramp function, discrete time sequence, real sinusoidal sequence.
2. Generate and plot sequences over an interval.
3. Given $x[n]$, write program to find $X[z]$.
4. Fourier Transform, Discrete Fourier Transform and Fast Fourier Transform
5. Design of a Butterworth analog filter for low pass and high pass.
6. Design of digital filters.

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

SEMESTER	III	TYPE	SEC (THEORY)	CODE	ELSSSEC01M	CREDITS	02
NAME	Design and Fabrication of Printed Circuit Boards					LECTURES	30

Unit 1

Lectures 9

- PCB Fundamentals: PCB Advantages, components of PCB, Electronic components, Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, IC's, Surface Mount Devices (SMD).
- Classification of PCB - single, double, multilayer and flexible boards, Manufacturing of PCB, PCB standards.

Unit 2

Lectures 9

- Schematic & Layout Design: Schematic diagram, General, Mechanical and Electrical design considerations, Placing and Mounting of components, Conductor spacing, routing guidelines, heat sinks and package density, Net list, creating components for library, Tracks, Pads, Vias, power plane, grounding.

Unit 3

Lectures 9

- Technology OF PCB: Design automation, Design Rule Checking; Exporting Drill and Gerber Files; Drills; Footprints and Libraries Adding and Editing Pins, copper clad laminates materials of copper clad laminates, properties of laminates (electrical & physical), types of laminates, soldering techniques. Film master preparation, Image transfer, photo printing, Screen Printing, Plating techniques etching techniques, Mechanical Machining operations, Lead cutting and Soldering Techniques, Testing and quality controls..

Unit 4

Lectures 3

- PCB Technology: Trends, Environmental concerns in PCB industry.

Suggested Books

1. Printed circuit Board – Design & Technology by Walter C. Bosshart, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Printed Circuit Board –Design, Fabrication, Assembly & Testing, R.S. Khandpur, TATA McGraw Hill Publisher

SEMESTER	IV	TYPE	SEC (THEORY)	CODE	ELSSSEC02M	CREDITS	02
NAME	Robotics					LECTURES	30

Unit 1

Lectures 8

- Programming Environments: Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for AVR microcontrollers, free IDEs like AVR Studio, WIN AVR. Installing and configuring for Robot programming, In System Programmer (ISP), loading programmes on Robot

Unit 2

Lectures 7

- Actuators: DC Motors, Gearing and Efficiency, Servo Motors, Stepper motors, Motor Control and its implementations Sensors: White line sensors , IR range sensor of different range, Analog IR proximity sensors , Analog directional light intensity sensors , Position encoders , Servo mounted sensor pod/ Camera Pod, Wireless colour camera , Ultrasound scanner , Gyroscope and Accelerometer , Magnetometer, GPS receiver, Battery voltage sensing, Current Sensing

Unit 3

Lectures 8

- LCD interfacing with the robot (2 x 16 Characters LCD)Other indicators: Indicator LEDs, Buzzer
- Timer / Counter operations: PWM generation, Motor velocity control, Servo control, velocity calculation and motor position Control, event scheduling
- Communication: Wired RS232 (serial) Communication, Wireless ZigBee Communication, USB Communication, Simplex infrared Communication (IR remote to robot)

Unit 4

Lectures 7

- Interfacing to PIC16F887: LED, Switches, Solid State Relay, Seven Segment Display, 16x2 LCD display, 4x4 Matrix Keyboard, Digital to Analog Converter, Stepper Motor and DC Motor. Interfacing program examples using C language.

Suggested Books

1. Saha, S.K., Introduction to Robotics, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi, 2014
2. R.K. Mittal, I.J. Nagrath, "Robotics & Control", Tata McGraw & Hills, 2005.

GENERIC ELECTIVES
**(To be offered to the students of other
Departments as Generic Elective)**

SEMESTER	I	TYPE	GE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSHGEC01T	CREDITS	04
NAME	NETWORK ANALYSIS AND ANALOG ELECTRONICS					LECTURES	60

Unit 1 **Lectures** 14

- Circuit Analysis: Concept of Voltage and Current Sources. Kirchhoff's Current Law, Kirchhoff's Voltage Law. Mesh Analysis. Node Analysis. Star and Delta networks, Star-Delta Conversion. Principle of Duality. Superposition Theorem. Thevenin's Theorem. Norton's Theorem. Reciprocity Theorem. Maximum Power Transfer Theorem. Two Port Networks: h, y and z parameters and their conversion.

Unit 2 **Lectures** 18

- Junction Diode and its applications: PN junction diode (Ideal and practical)-constructions, Formation of Depletion Layer, Diode Equation and I-V characteristics. Idea of static and dynamic resistance, dc load line analysis, Quiescent (Q) point. Zener diode, Reverse saturation current, Zener and avalanche breakdown. Qualitative idea of Schottky diode. Rectifiers- Half wave rectifier, Full wave rectifiers (center tapped and bridge), circuit diagrams, working and waveforms, ripple factor and efficiency. Filter-Shunt capacitor filter, its role in power supply, output waveform, and working. Regulation- Line and load regulation, Zener diode as voltage regulator, and explanation for load and line regulation.

Unit 3 **Lectures** 24

- Bipolar Junction Transistor: Review of the characteristics of transistor in CE and CB configurations, Regions of operation (active, cut off and saturation), Current gains α and β . Relations between α and β . dc load line and Q point.
- Amplifiers: Transistor biasing and Stabilization circuits- Fixed Bias and Voltage Divider Bias. Thermal runaway, stability and stability factor S. Transistor as a two port network, h-parameter equivalent circuit. Small signal analysis of single stage CE amplifier. Input and Output impedance, Current and Voltage gains. Class A, B and C Amplifiers.
- Cascaded Amplifiers: Two stage RC Coupled Amplifier and its Frequency Response.
- Feedback in Amplifiers: Concept of feedback, negative and positive feedback, advantages of negative feedback (Qualitative only).
- Sinusoidal Oscillators: Barkhausen criterion for sustained oscillations. Phase shift and Colpitt's oscillator. Determination of Frequency and Condition of oscillation.

Unit 4 **Lectures** 04

- Unipolar Devices: JFET. Construction, working and I-V characteristics (output and transfer), Pinchoff voltage. UJT, basic construction, working, equivalent circuit and I-V characteristics.

Suggested books

1. Electric Circuits, S. A. Nasar, Schaum's outline series, Tata McGraw Hill (2004)
2. Electrical Circuits, M. Nahvi & J. Edminister, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-Hill (2005)
3. Electrical Circuits, K.A. Smith and R.E. Alley, 2014, Cambridge University Press
4. Network, Lines and Fields, J.D. Ryder, Prentice Hall of India.
5. Electronic Devices and Circuits, David A. Bell, 5th Edition 2015, Oxford University Press.
6. Electronic Circuits: Discrete and Integrated, D.L. Schilling and C. Belove, Tata McGraw Hill
7. Electrical Circuit Analysis, Mahadevan and Chitra, PHI Learning
8. Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.
9. J. Millman and C. C. Halkias, Integrated Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill (2001)
10. J. J. Cathey, 2000 Solved Problems in Electronics, Schaum's outline Series, Tata McGraw Hill (1991)

SEMESTER	I	TYPE	GE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSHGEC01P	CREDITS	02
NAME	NETWORK ANALYSIS AND ANALOG ELECTRONICS Lab					LECTURES	60

AT LEAST 06 EXPERIMENTS FROM THE FOLLOWING BESIDES #1

1. To familiarize with basic electronic components (R, C, L, diodes, transistors), digital Multimeter, Function Generator and Oscilloscope.
2. Measurement of Amplitude, Frequency & Phase difference using Oscilloscope.
3. Verification of (a) Thevenin's theorem and (b) Norton's theorem.
4. Verification of (a) Superposition Theorem and (b) Reciprocity Theorem.
5. Verification of the Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.
6. Study of the I-V Characteristics of (a) p-n junction Diode, and (b) Zener diode.
7. Study of (a) Half wave rectifier and (b) Full wave rectifier (FWR).
8. Study the effect of (a) C- filter and (b) Zener regulator on the output of FWR.
9. Study of the I-V Characteristics of UJT and design relaxation oscillator.
10. Study of the output and transfer I-V characteristics of common source JFET.
11. Study of Fixed Bias and Voltage divider bias configuration for CE transistor.
12. Design of a Single Stage CE amplifier of given gain.
13. Study of the RC Phase Shift Oscillator.
14. Study the Colpitt's oscillator.

Suggested books

1. Electrical Circuits, M. Nahvi and J. Edminister, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-Hill (2005)
2. Networks, Lines and Fields, J.D.Ryder, Prentice Hall of India.
3. J. Millman and C. C. Halkias, Integrated Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill (2001)
4. Allen Mottershead, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Goodyear Publishing Corporation.

SEMESTER	II	TYPE	GE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSHGEC02T	CREDITS	04
NAME	LINEAR AND DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUITS					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 17

- Operational Amplifiers (Black box approach): Characteristics of an Ideal and Practical Operational Amplifier (IC 741), Open and closed loop configuration, Frequency Response. CMRR. Slew Rate and concept of Virtual Ground. (5 Lectures)
- Applications of Op-Amps: (1) Inverting and non-inverting amplifiers, (2) Summing and Difference Amplifier, (3) Differentiator, (4) Integrator, (5) Wein bridge oscillator, (6) Comparator and Zero-crossing detector, and (7) Active low pass and high pass Butterworth filter (1st order only).(12 Lectures)

Unit 2

Lectures 20

- Number System and Codes: Decimal, Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal number systems, base conversions. Representation of signed and unsigned numbers, BCD code. Binary, octal and hexadecimal arithmetic; addition, subtraction by 2's complement method, multiplication.(9 Lectures)
- Logic Gates and Boolean algebra: Truth Tables of OR, AND, NOT, NOR, NAND, XOR, XNOR, Universal Gates, Basic postulates and fundamental theorems of Boolean algebra.(4 Lectures)
- Combinational Logic Analysis and Design: Standard representation of logic functions (SOP and POS), Minimization Techniques (Karnaugh map minimization up to 4 variables for SOP).(5 Lectures)
- Arithmetic Circuits: Binary Addition. Half and Full Adder. Half and Full Subtractor, 4-bit binary Adder/Subtractor.(3 Lectures)
- Data processing circuits: Multiplexers, De-multiplexers, Decoders, Encoders. (3 Lectures)

Unit 3

Lectures 15

- Clock and Timer (IC 555): Introduction, Block diagram of IC 555, Astable and Monostablemultivibrator circuits.(3 Lectures)
- Sequential Circuits: SR, D, and JK Flip-Flops. Clocked (Level and Edge Triggered) Flip-Flops. Preset and Clear operations. Race-around conditions in JK Flip-Flop. Master-slave JK Flip-Flop.(6 Lectures)
- Shift registers: Serial-in-Serial-out, Serial-in-Parallel-out, Parallel-in-Serial-out and Parallel-in-Parallel-out Shift Registers (only up to 4 bits). (2 Lectures)
- Counters (4 bits): Ring Counter. Asynchronous counters, Decade Counter. Synchronous Counter.(4 Lectures).

Unit 4

Lectures 4

- D-A and A-D Conversion: 4 bit binary weighted and R-2R D-A converters, circuit and working. Accuracy and Resolution. A-D conversion characteristics, successive approximation ADC. (Mention of relevant ICs for all).(4 Lectures).

Suggested books

- OP-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuit, R. A. Gayakwad, 4th edition, 2000, Prentice Hall
- Operational Amplifiers and Linear ICs, David A. Bell, 3rd Edition, 2011, Oxford University Press.
- Digital Principles and Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P.Leach and Saha, 7th Ed., 2011, Tata McGraw Hill
- Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, Anand Kumar, 2nd Edn, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Digital Circuits and systems, Venugopal, 2011, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Digital Systems: Principles & Applications, R.J.Tocci, N.S.Widmer, 2001, PHI Learning.
- Thomas L. Flyod, Digital Fundamentals, Pearson Education Asia (1994)

SEMESTER	II	TYPE	GE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSHGEC02P	CREDITS	02
NAME	LINEAR AND DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUITS Lab					LECTURES	60

At least 04 experiments each from section A, B and C

Section-A: Op-Amp. Circuits (Hardware)

1. To design an inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741,351) for dc voltage of given gain
2.
 - a. To design inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741,351) & study its frequency response
 - b. To design non-inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741,351) & study frequency response
3.
 - a. To add two dc voltages using Op-amp in inverting and non-inverting mode
 - b. To study the zero-crossing detector and comparator.
4. To design a precision Differential amplifier of given I/O specification using Op-amp.
5. To investigate the use of an op-amp as an Integrator.
6. To investigate the use of an op-amp as a Differentiator.
7. To design a Wien bridge oscillator for given frequency using an op-amp.
8. To design a circuit to simulate the solution of simultaneous equation and 1st/2nd order differential equation.
9. Design a Butterworth Low Pass active Filter (1st order) & study Frequency Response
10. Design a Butterworth High Pass active Filter (1st order) & study Frequency Response
11. Design a digital to analog converter (DAC) of given specifications.

Section-B: Digital circuits (Hardware)

1.
 - a. To design a combinational logic system for a specified Truth Table.
 - b. To convert Boolean expression into logic circuit & design it using logic gate ICs.
 - c. To minimize a given logic circuit.
2. Half Adder and Full Adder.
3. Half Subtractor and Full Subtractor.
4. 4 bit binary adder and adder-subtractor using Full adder IC.
5. To design a seven segment decoder.
6. To design an Astable Multivibrator of given specification using IC 555 Timer.
7. To design a Monostable Multivibrator of given specification using IC 555 Timer.
8. To build Flip-Flop (RS, Clocked RS, D-type and JK) circuits using NAND gates.
9. To build JK Master-slave flip-flop using Flip-Flop ICs
10. To build a Counter using D-type/JK Flip-Flop ICs and study timing diagram.
11. To make a Shift Register (serial-in and serial-out) using D-type/JK Flip-Flop ICs.

Section-C: SPICE/MULTISIM simulations for electronic circuits and devices

1. To verify the Thevenin and Norton Theorems.
2. Design and analyze the series and parallel LCR circuits
3. Design the inverting and non-inverting amplifier using an Op-Amp of given gain
4. Design and Verification of op-amp as integrator and differentiator
5. Design the 1st order active low pass and high pass filters of given cutoff frequency
6. Design a Wein's Bridge oscillator of given frequency.
7. Design clocked SR and JK Flip-Flop's using NAND Gates
8. Design 4-bit asynchronous counter using Flip-Flop ICs
9. Design the CE amplifier of a given gain and its frequency response.

Suggested Books

1. Digital Principles and Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P. Leach and Saha, 7th Ed., 2011, Tata McGraw
2. OP-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuit, R. A. Gayakwad, 4th edn., 2000, Prentice Hall
3. R. L. Tokheim, Digital Principles, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw- Hill (1994)
4. Digital Electronics, S.K. Mandal, 2010, 1st edition, McGraw Hill

SEMESTER	III	TYPE	GE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSHGEC03T	CREDITS	04
NAME	COMMUNICATION ELECTRONICS					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 08

- Electronic communication: Introduction to communication – means and modes. Need for modulation. Block diagram of an electronic communication system. Brief idea of frequency allocation for radio communication system in India (TRAI). Electromagnetic communication spectrum, band designations and usage. Channels and base-band signals. Concept of Noise, signal-to-noise (S/N) ratio. (8 Lectures)

Unit 2

Lectures 21

- Analog Modulation: Amplitude Modulation, modulation index and frequency spectrum. Generation of AM (Emitter Modulation), Amplitude Demodulation (diode detector), Concept of Single side band generation and detection. Frequency Modulation (FM) and Phase Modulation (PM), modulation index and frequency spectrum, equivalence between FM and PM, Generation of FM using VCO, FM detector (slope detector), Qualitative idea of Super heterodyne receiver (12 Lectures)
- Analog Pulse Modulation: Channel capacity, Sampling theorem, Basic Principles-PAM, PWM, PPM, modulation and detection technique for PAM only, Multiplexing. (9 Lectures)

Unit 3

Lectures 10

- Digital Pulse Modulation: Need for digital transmission, Pulse Code Modulation, Digital Carrier Modulation Techniques, Sampling, Quantization and Encoding. Concept of Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK), Phase Shift Keying (PSK), and Binary Phase Shift Keying (BPSK). (10 Lectures)

Unit 4

Lectures 21

- Introduction to Communication and Navigation systems: Satellite Communication– Introduction, need, Geosynchronous satellite orbits, geostationary satellite advantages of geostationary satellites. Satellite visibility, transponders (C - Band), path loss, ground station, simplified block diagram of earth station. Uplink and downlink. (10 Lectures)
- Mobile Telephony System – Basic concept of mobile communication, frequency bands used in mobile communication, concept of cell sectoring and cell splitting, SIM number, IMEI number, need for data encryption, architecture (block diagram) of mobile communication network, idea of GSM, CDMA, TDMA and FDMA technologies, simplified block diagram of mobile phone handset, 2G, 3G and 4G concepts (qualitative only). (10 Lectures)
- GPS navigation system (qualitative idea only) (1 Lecture)

Suggested Books

1. Electronic Communications, D. Roddy and J. Coolen, Pearson Education India.
2. Advanced Electronics Communication Systems- Tomasi, 6th edition, Prentice Hall.
3. Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, B.P. Lathi, 4th Edition, 2011, Oxford University Press.
4. Electronic Communication systems, G. Kennedy, 3rd Edn., 1999, Tata McGraw Hill.
5. Principles of Electronic communication systems – Frenzel, 3rd edition, McGraw Hill
6. Communication Systems, S. Haykin, 2006, Wiley India
7. Electronic Communication system, Blake, Cengage, 5th edition.
8. Wireless communications, Andrea Goldsmith, 2015, Cambridge University Press

SEMESTER	III	TYPE	GE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSHGEC03P	CREDITS	02
NAME	COMMUNICATION ELECTRONICS Lab					LECTURES	60

AT LEAST 03 AND 05 EXPERIMENTS RESPECTIVELY FROM FOLLOWING USING HARDWARE AND SIMULATIONS.

1. To design an Amplitude Modulator using Transistor
2. To study envelope detector for demodulation of AM signal
3. To study FM - Generator and Detector circuit
4. To study AM Transmitter and Receiver
5. To study FM Transmitter and Receiver
6. To study Time Division Multiplexing (TDM)
7. To study Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM)
8. To study Pulse Width Modulation (PWM)
9. To study Pulse Position Modulation (PPM)
10. To study ASK, PSK and FSK modulators

Suggested Books

1. Electronic Communication systems, G. Kennedy, 1999, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Electronic Communication system, Blake, Cengage, 5th edition.

SEMESTER	IV	TYPE	GE (THEORY)	CODE	ELSHGEC04T	CREDITS	04
NAME	MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER					LECTURES	60

Unit 1

Lectures 23

- Microcomputer Organization: Input/Output Devices. Data storage (idea of RAM and ROM). Computer memory. Memory organization & addressing. Memory Interfacing. Memory Map.(5 Lectures)
- 8085 Microprocessor Architecture: Main features of 8085. Block diagram. Pin-out diagram of 8085. Data and address buses. Registers. ALU. Stack memory. Program counter.(8 Lectures)
- 8085 Programming : Instruction classification, Instructions set (Data transfer including stacks. Arithmetic, logical, branch, and control instructions). Subroutines, delay loops. Timing & Control circuitry. Timing states. Instruction cycle, Timing diagram of MOV and MVI. Hardware and software interrupts. (10 Lectures)

Unit 2

Lectures 32

- 8051 microcontroller: Introduction and block diagram of 8051 microcontroller, architecture of 8051, overview of 8051 family, 8051 assembly language programming, Program Counter and ROM memory map, Data types and directives, Flag bits and Program Status Word (PSW) register, Jump, loop and call instructions. (12 Lectures)
- 8051 I/O port programming: Introduction of I/O port programming, pin out diagram of 8051 microcontroller, I/O port pins description & their functions, I/O port programming in 8051 (using assembly language), I/O programming: Bit manipulation. (5 Lectures)
- 8051 Programming: 8051 addressing modes and accessing memory locations using various addressing modes, assembly language instructions using each addressing mode, arithmetic and logic instructions, 8051 programming in C: for time delay & I/O operations and manipulation, for arithmetic and logic operations, for ASCII and BCD conversions.(15 Lectures)

Unit 3

Lectures 05

- Introduction to embedded system: Embedded systems and general purpose computer systems. Architecture of embedded system. Classifications, applications and purpose of embedded systems. (5 Lectures)

Suggested Books

1. Microprocessor Architecture Programming & applications with 8085, 2002, R.S. Goankar, Prentice Hall.
2. Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming & Design, Raj Kamal, 2008, Tata McGraw Hill
3. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C, M.A. Mazidi, J.G. Mazidi, and R.D. McKinlay, 2nd Ed., 2007, Pearson Education India.
4. Microprocessor and Microcontrollers, N. Senthil Kumar, 2010, Oxford University Press
5. 8051 microcontrollers, Satish Shah, 2010, Oxford University Press.
6. Embedded Systems: Design & applications, S.F. Barrett, 2008, Pearson Education India
7. Introduction to embedded system, K.V. Shibu, 1st edition, 2009, McGraw Hill
8. Embedded Microcomputer systems: Real time interfacing, J.W. Valvano 2011, Cengage Learning

SEMESTER	IV	TYPE	GE (PRACTICAL)	CODE	ELSHGEC04P	CREDITS	02
NAME	MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER Lab					LECTURES	60

At least 06 experiments each from Section-A and Section-B

Section-A: Programs using 8085 Microprocessor

1. Addition and subtraction of numbers using direct addressing mode
2. Addition and subtraction of numbers using indirect addressing mode
3. Multiplication by repeated addition.
4. Division by repeated subtraction.
5. Handling of 16-bit Numbers.
6. Use of CALL and RETURN Instruction.
7. Block data handling.

Other programs (e.g. Parity Check, using interrupts, etc.).

Section-B: Experiments using 8051 microcontroller

1. To find that the given numbers is prime or not.
2. To find the factorial of a number.
3. Write a program to make the two numbers equal by increasing the smallest number and decreasing the largest number.
4. Use one of the four ports of 8051 for O/P interfaced to eight LED's. Simulate binary counter (8 bit) on LED's .
5. Program to glow the first four LEDs then next four using TIMER application.
6. Program to rotate the contents of the accumulator first right and then left.
7. Program to run a countdown from 9-0 in the seven segment LED display.
8. To interface seven segment LED display with 8051 microcontroller and display 'HELP' in the seven segment LED display.
9. To toggle '1234' as '1324' in the seven segment LED display.
10. Interface stepper motor with 8051 and write a program to move the motor through a given angle in clock wise or counter clockwise direction.
11. Application of embedded systems: Temperature measurement & display on LCD