

WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Honours 4th Semester Examination, 2022

ELSACOR09T-ELECTRONICS (CC9)

Time Allotted: 2 Hours Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.

All symbols are of usual significance.

GROUP-A

1. Answer any *five* questions from the following: $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (a) What are even signals? Give examples.
- (b) Write down the difference between energy and power signals.
- (c) Find the fundamental period of $x(n) = \sin 2\pi n + \exp(j7\pi n/3)$.
- (d) What is the relation between impulse and unit step signals?
- (e) State Dirichlet's conditions for a function to be expanded as a Fourier series.
- (f) State the Final value theorem of Laplace Transform.
- (g) Clearly explain periodic signal.
- (h) Explain the function of memory element in LTI system.

GROUP-B

Answer any six questions from the following $5 \times 6 = 30$

- 2. State and prove Parseval's theorem for power signal. 1+4
- 3. (a) Derive the Laplace transform of the function $x(t) = e^{-2t} \sin 4\pi t$.
 - (b) Given, $x(n) = \alpha^n$ for $n \ge 0$ and 0 for n < 0. Show that for $\alpha < 1$, x(n) is an energy signal.
- 4. Derive the unit ramp response of a second order unity feedback system in time domain. Hence, find the lagging time and the time constant of the system.

 Given Transfer function $G(S) = \frac{K}{S(1+ST)}$.

CBCS/B.Sc./Hons./4th Sem./ELSACOR09T/2022

5. A square pulse of amplitude 3 volt is defined as:

$$x(t) = 3 \text{ for } 0 \le t < 4$$
$$= 0 \text{ for } 4 \le t \le \infty.$$

x(t) is applied to a series R-C circuit of capacitance. 1 μ F and resistance 1 $k\Omega$. Consider the output is obtained across resistance and the capacitor is initially unchanged. Hence, derive the unit impulse response in S domain and find the output voltage at t = 1.5 sec.

6. (a) Apply the symmetry property of Fourier transform, show that $\delta(t+T) - \delta(t-T) = 2i\sin Tw$.

$$2\frac{1}{2}$$

3+2

(b) Show that the Fourier transform of a Gaussian pulse is also Gaussian in nature.

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

7. (a) Find the convolution integral of x(t) and h(t). Given that,

$$x(t) = 1, 0 \le t \le 2a$$
;

$$h(t) = \delta(t+2a) - \delta(t-2a);$$

Draw the final diagram after convolution.

(b) Find the result of the convolution of $x(-t) * \delta(-t - t_0)$.

5

interval 0 to 2π . Hence, deduce the value of the series $1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \cdots$

Express $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(\pi - x)$ as a Fourier series with period 2π to be valid in the

5

9. Show that, a linear system can be completely characterized by its impulse response.

2+1

10.(a) Determine whether the discrete time LTI system with impulse response $h(n) = (.9)^n u(n-1)$ is BIBO stable or not. Is it causal?

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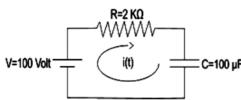
(b) Define stability of a LTI system.

8.

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11. For circuit below, calculate the initial charging current of capacitor using Laplace Transform.

5



N.B.: Students have to complete submission of their Answer Scripts through E-mail / Whatsapp to their own respective colleges on the same day / date of examination within 1 hour after end of exam. University / College authorities will not be held responsible for wrong submission (at in proper address). Students are strongly advised not to submit multiple copies of the same answer script.

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WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Honours 4th Semester Examination, 2022

ELSACOR08T-ELECTRONICS (CC8)

Time Allotted: 2 Hours Full Marks: 40

> The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

GROUP-A

1.		Answer any <i>five</i> questions from the following:	$2 \times 5 = 10$
	(a)	What is the cause of slow rate in an OP-AMP?	2
	(b)	How does CMRR of OP-AMP vary with frequency?	2
	(c)	What is the utility of an unity-gain buffer?	2
	(d)	Why are dual power supply voltages provided to an OP-AMP?	2
	(e)	Find input impedance of inverting amplifier using OP-AMP.	2
	(f)	Why is a stable multivibrator called as free running multivibrator?	2
	(g)	Write down the significance of zero output impedance of an ideal OP-AMP.	2
	(h)	State any two factors responsible for offset voltage in an OP-AMP.	2

GROUP-B

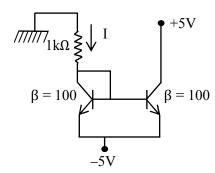
Answer any six questions from the following Derive the condition of oscillation in a Wien-bridge oscillator. Hence explain 3+2how amplitude stabilization is achieved in an OP-AMP based implementation of the oscillator.

 $5 \times 6 = 30$

1

3

- 3. Realise a bistable multivibrator using IC 555 and explain its operation. 2+3
- 4. (a) Show that the circuit functions as a current mirror and find the value of I. 4



(b) Define PSRR of an OP-AMP.

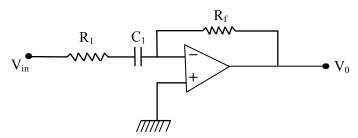
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5. (a) Find expression for the gain of a non-inverting amplifier assuming the gain to be finite.

4013 1 Turn Over

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(b) Explain with reason, the type of filter realized by the given circuit.



2

3

2

5

3

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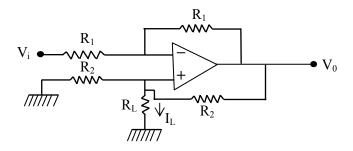
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2

6. (a) Find the value of I_L in the given circuit.



- (b) What are the unique characteristics of differential amplifier?
- 7. Describe how an OP-AMP can be used as a square-wave generator and find out the expression of frequency of the output.
- 8. (a) Explain with a block diagram, how OP-AMPs can be used for multiplication of two voltages.
 - (b) Draw and explain the transfer characteristics of an OP-AMP.
- 9. (a) Find expression for output voltage of a practical integrator.
 - (b) What are the advantages of active filter over passive filter?
- 10.(a) For a similar gain, explain the advantage of non-inverting mode over non-inverting mode of operation.
 - (b) Draw a labelled block diagram of the different stages of an OP-AMP and explain the function of each stage.
- 11.(a) Design a practical integrator that integrates signals with frequency down to 500 Hz. It produces a peak output of 0.5 V when the input is a sine wave with a peak amplitude of 10 V with a frequency of 10 kHz.
 - (b) Design an active first order low pass butterworth filter with cut-off frequency 1 kHz and for a given gain 3.2 (Given $C = 0.1 \mu F$).
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